The Star and Sentinel.

BY HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12, 1867. VOL. 67. NO. 29—WHOLE NO. 3461.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Wednesday afternoon, by Messrs. HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of THE STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms, CASH.

The Office of Publication is on Baltimore st., between the Public Square and the Court House.

All correspondence should be addressed to HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER, Publishers.

Professional Cards, &c.

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.
Reference.—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa.
May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.
Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [May 29, 1867.

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.
R. G. McCREARY.
May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

D. McCONAUGHY, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Claim Agent.* Office on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, one door west of Buehler's Drug Store.
During the session of the Senate he will attend at his office on Saturdays, and has also made arrangements that his clients and their business will at all times receive prompt attention. May 29, 1867.

SAMUEL D. SCHMUCKER, ATTORNEY AT LAW.
No. 43 *Lexington st., Baltimore, Md.*
Will give prompt attention to all Professional matters, as well as loans collections and investments.
April 18, 1867.—6m

J. P. CLARKSON. C. VAN SCHAACK.
CLARKSON & VAN SCHAACK, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
No. 82 Dearborn Street,
P. O. Box, 711. CHICAGO. ILL.
☞Refer to the Editors of the "Star & Sentinel."
Nov. 1, 1866.—1y

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

DR. COOK, HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
Having permanently located in Hanover, Pa., respectfully offers his professional services to the public. Special attention given to diseases of women and children.
REFERENCES.
Prof. Ad. Lippe, M. D., Philadelphia.
" J. C. Morgan, M. D., "
Wm. H. Cook, M. D., Carlisle, Pa.,
Hon. Edward McPherson, Gettysburg, Pa.,
David Wills, Esq.,
Rev. J. A. Ross, Hanover, Pa.
☞Office on the Square, five doors west of Carlisle st., second door from Central Hotel. [May 29, 1867.—1y

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist. Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the provinces of this Dentist. Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call.
May 29, 1867.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond next door to McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call.
May 29, 1867.

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &C.
Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address, Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa. J. S. WITHEROW.
May 29, 1867.—1y

OH! YES! OH! YES!
THE undersigned having taken out an Auctioneer's License, offers his services to the public, and would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to attend promptly to all business in this line. By strict attention to business he hopes to render entire satisfaction. ☞Charges will be very moderate, and satisfaction guarantied in all cases. Address—
HIRAM ALBERT,
Clearspring, York Co. Pa.
May 29, 1867.—tf.

Marble Yards.

CANNON'S MARBLE WORKS
CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE.
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK EXECUTED IN THE FINEST STYLE OF THE ART.
May 29, 1867—tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD. MEALS & BRO.
In East York Street, Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line, SUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES, MANTLES, &c., &c.
at the shortest notice, and as cheap as the cheapest.—☞Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange for work.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

Hotel and Restaurants.

KEYSTONE HOTEL.
GETTYSBURG, PA.
WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.
NOW OPEN.
THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage. [May 29, 1867.

EAGLE HOTEL.
The largest and most commodious in GETTYSBURG, PENNA.
CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS,
JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.
☞An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains. Careful servants, and reasonable charges.
May 29, 1867.—tf

Carpenters and Contractors.

G. C. CASHMAN. H. H. ROWE.
CARPENTERING.
THE undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have commenced the Carpenting in the Shop formerly occupied by George Schryock, deceased. We are prepared to do any work in our line of business and as reasonable as any other establishment in Gettysburg.
We hope by a strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.
May 29, 1867.—tf CASHMAN & ROWE.

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY
AND ALL OTHERS
WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.
THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the CARPENTERING BUSINESS
at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.
☞Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
May 29, 1867. WM. CHRITZMAN.

Bakery.

NEW BAKERY. NEWPORT & ZIEGLER,
Mechanical Bakery, South Washington str., half square from the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa. Constantly on hand, the best of
Bread,
Crackers,
Cakes,
Pretzels, &c.
Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please. GIVE US A CALL.
April 16, 1864.

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

ROW & WOODS,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
HATS, CAPS,
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

ROW & WOODS
Have fine Alpaca, Mohair, Leno, Poplin, Lawn and DeLaine Dress Goods.

ROW & WOODS
Have Calicoes in great variety, at 8 cents a yard and upwards.

ROW & WOODS
Have Bleached and Unbleached Muslins at 10 cents a yard and upwards.

ROW & WOODS
Have Domestic Ginghams, Flannels, Checks and Shirtings at greatly reduced prices.

ROW & WOODS
Have Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Stockings, Gloves and Handkerchiefs of finest styles.

ROW & WOODS
Have Parasols and Fans, which, for beauty and cheapness, "can't be beat."

ROW & WOODS
Have Table Linen, Towling, Cambrics, Jaconets, Brilliants, Swiss and other White Goods.

ROW & WOODS
Have Cloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloth, Sack Flannel, &c., as "cheap as the cheapest."

ROW & WOODS
Have Hats, for Men and Boys, in great variety, of the latest styles, at the lowest prices.

ROW & WOODS
Have Shoes and Gaiters, of best quality, made to order, of latest style, at lower prices than the same quality can be bought elsewhere.
May 29, 1867.—tf

NEW GOODS
AT
REDUCED PRICES,
ELEGANT CALICOES
At 12 1-2 Cents,
GOOD MUSLINS
At 12 1-2 Cents.
ALL KINDS OF GOODS AT PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.
Call at once and buy some of the cheap Goods now opening
AT FAHNESTOCKS.
May 29, 1867.

WORTH KNOWING!
CHEAP DRY GOODS!
AT THE
NEW STORE
OF
WENTZ, OVERBAUGH & CO.,
ON
BROADWAY, HANOVER, PA.
In the Room formerly occupied by J. E. Cremer & Son.
HAVING just returned from the Eastern cities, where they have bought a large and well selected Stock of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
They are now prepared to offer to the public Goods of every description usually kept in a first-class Dry Goods Store, at
LOWER RATES
Than they have been since the war.
☞They invite all to call and examine their Stock before purchasing elsewhere.
☞Remember their Stock is entirely new, and bought since the last
GREAT DECLINE
IN PRICES
WENTZ, OVERBAUGH & CO.
May 29 1867.—tf

GREAT REDUCTION
IN PRICES OF
DRY GOODS,
CARPETS, NOTIONS, &C., &C.
THE undersigned are just opening an immense stock of Goods suitable for Spring and Summer Wear. Call and see them. Calicoes from 10 cents to 18, and everything else in proportion.
DUPHORN & HOFFMAN,
May 29.—tf N. W. Cor. Diamond or Square.

CALL AT THE
NEW STORE!
OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE,
Gettysburg, Penn'a.
NEW GOODS
AND LOW PRICES!
The undersigned have opened a new Dry Goods Store, in Kendlehart's building, directly opposite the Court-house, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, and start with a splendid stock, embracing everything to be found in a first-class establishment. Bought for cash, and at the latest decline, we can offer bargains that must astonish every one. Come and see for yourselves, and you will find what we here say verified. With good Goods, small profits, and fair and square dealing, we shall endeavor to deserve, what we most respectfully ask, a liberal share of public patronage.
We offer a fine assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Jeans, Cottonades, Vestings, Gloves, Suspenders, Neck Ties, and everything else in the Gentlemen's line.
For the Ladies we have SILKS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, Bereges, Lawns, Delaines, Ginghams, Calicoes, Gloves, Parasols, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Hosiery, White Goods, with whatever else may be called for.
Also, a large stock of MUSLINS, Sheetings, Tickings, CARPETING, QUEENS-WARE, Umbrellas, Window Shades, &c., &c.
Call at the New Store, opposite the Court-house, and examine the stock, before purchasing elsewhere.
May 29, 1867. REBERT & ELLIOTT.

LOOK TO
YOUR INTERESTS!
AT the south end of Main street, Fairfield, Adams county, Pa., can be found an assortment of
NEW GOODS
at reduced prices,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS
of all kinds; Calicoes at 10 per yard, Muslins 12½ cents per yard;
GENTLEMEN'S WEAR
proportionately cheap.
ALSO CHEAP GROCERIES,
Sugar at 10 cents per pound, and other things in proportion. Determined not to be undersold, and considering it a pleasure to show goods, we extend an invitation to all. Come and see our stock, as we believe it will be to your interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.
May 29, 1866.—3m DANNER & SHIELDS.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Fall and Winter Clothing just received at PICKING'S

THE north-west corner of the square Gettysburg, Pa., is the place to buy cheap Goods.—Call and satisfy yourself. DUPHORN & HOFFMAN.

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
J. L. SCHICK invites the attention of his friends and Customers to his large and well selected stock of
DRY GOODS
Comprised in part of
French Marenoes,
All Wool Poplins,
All Wool Delaines,
All Wool Plaids,
Plain Poplins,
Black and Fancy Silks,
Tamise Cloths,
Black and Colored Alpaccas,
Black Cloths and Cassimeres,
Fancy Cassimeres,
Cassinets,
Jeans,
Flannels of all kinds,
Gloves and Stockings.
Also, a fine assortment of Ladies' FURS AND SHAWLS, as well as an abundant variety of Notions, all of which will be sold cheap for the cash.
May 29, 1867. J. L. SCHICK.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassitets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS.
Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the Public to give us a call and judge for themselves. We defy competition, both as to quality and price. A. SCOTT & SONS.
May 29, 1867.—tf

FINE FANCY FURS.
CHAS. A. HERPICH,
497 *Broadway* & 37 *Maiden Lane, N. Y.*
IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER
and
SHIPPER OF
FURS.
Offers his large and well selected stock of fine Furs, in all styles, at lowest manufacturer's prices.
Highest price paid
SHIPPING FURS.
Send for circular. [Dec. 13, 1866.—1y

FRESH arrivals of Dry Goods, Notions, &c., &c., every week at Duphorn & Hoffman's on the Northwest corner of the Square.

CALL AND SEE, the large stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware, &c., on the N. W. corner of the Square, Gettysburg, Pa.
DUPHORN & HOFFMAN

LADIES' wanting a good article of Perfumery, Fancy Soap, or Hair Bushes, can be applied at J. L. SCHICK'S.

Groceries.

SWAN'S GROCERY.
JOHN SWAN
Has just received a splendid assortment of FRESH GROCERIES, at his Store on the corner of the public Square, in Gettysburg.
SUGARS.
The finest lot of Sugars ever brought to Gettysburg, and very cheap.
COFFEE.
His Coffee is superior to any offered in the place. If you don't believe it come and see.
MOLASSES.
If you want the best Syrups and Molasses in town you will find them at Swan's.
QUEENSWARE, &c.
His stock of Queensware, Dishes, Lamps, &c., is full cheap and good. Every style and price.
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
His Cigars and Tobacco are of superior quality. Acknowledged by good judges to be the best in the market.
CANDIES AND NOTIONS.
Particular attention paid to this department. A full supply of Candies, Nuts, Fruit, Soaps, Fancy articles, in short any and everything usually found in a first class Grocery. In laying in my stock I was careful to know what I was buying, and am now prepared to sell not only GOOD Groceries, but to sell them very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.
May 29 1866. JOHN M. SWAN.

WM. BOYER & SON,
KEEP constantly on hand a splendid assortment of
Coffee,
Sugar, Tea, Syrups,
Spices, Fish, Bacon, Salt, Notions,
Tobacco, Cigars, Confections,
and everything connected with a Family Grocery. We will always keep up a full supply of goods and sell them at prices which cannot fail to please. Call and see us at our stand in York street, opposite the Bank of Gettysburg. ☞All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.
May 29, 1865.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.
HENRY OVERDEER.
On the Hill in Baltimore st., Gettysburg, Pa.
HAS made arrangements to get fresh supplies every week from the City and is determined to sell cheap. He invites all to give them a call, his stock consists of Groceries, Notions, Flour, Corn Meal, Choped Feed, Corn, Oats, Fish, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, Sugar, Coffees, Teas, Syrup, Molasses, Candles, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, Tar, Best Cider, Vinegar, and a great variety of Notions, Candies, &c., &c.
☞The cash or trade will be given for County Produce such as Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Rags, &c. [May 29, 1867.—tf

NEW GROCERY STORE.
TELL EVERYBODY YOU SEE THAT
GILBERT,
JUST above the Court-House, and opposite the *Compiler* Office, will sell you everything in the GROCERY AND PROVISION Line cheaper than you can get it elsewhere.
Sugars, Coffees, Molasses,
Candles, Coal Oil, Syrups, Brooms,
Buckets, Tubs, Tobacco, Cigars,
Notions of all kinds, HAM, FISH, OYSTERS, VEGETABLES, always on hand. Give me a call, as I am determined to accommodate. BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of Country Produce taken, for which the highest cash price will be given. Don't forget the place—two doors above the Court-House. Don't pass without calling, as I solicit your patronage.
May 29.—tf

Important
TO ALL PERSONS!
HENDRICKS & WARREN have purchased the Store situated on York street, two doors east of Wolf's Hotel, formerly occupied by J. A. Grimes, and latterly by G. H. Swope, where they will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of
GROCERIES,
including Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Bacon, Flour, Feed, Rice, Potatoes, Salt, Tobacco, &c., with every article to be found in a first-class Grocery. Also CONFECTIONS, NOTIONS and FANCY ARTICLES.
They hope to receive a share of public patronage, and earnestly solicit a continuance of the custom heretofore given to the establishment.
JOHN HENDRICKS,
HIRAM WARREN.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

New Grocery, and Flour Store.
MEALS & BROTHER,
HAVING opened a Grocery, Flour and Vegetable Store, in the Room formerly occupied by Geo. Little, on West Middle street, they extend an invitation to all buyers to give them a call.—Everything in their line, fresh from the city and country, will be kept on hand. They are determined to sell, as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. MEALS & BRO.
May 29, 1866.

Grocery & Liquor Store.
A LARGE assortment of fine GROCERIES,
Teas, Coffees, White Sugars of all kinds, and Brown Sugars, cheap, prime new crop Orleans Molasses, and all grades of Syrups; MESS MACKEREL, best in market.—All kinds of
LIQUORS,
wholesale and retail, prime Wine, Brandy, Rye Whisky &c., for medicinal and other purposes, in any quantity.
☞B. Mishler's Herb Bitters, and the "Great Zingari Bitters." WM. J. MARTIN,
May 29, 1867.—tf Baltimore st., Gettysburg.

COAL and FISH OIL of the best quality for sale by WM. BOYER & SON

FRESH supply of Groceries, Notions, Tobaccos, &c., constantly receiving and for sale b WM. BOYER & SON.

MIDDLE OF THE BLOCK,
Cooper Institute, New York.
HADLEY
Is constantly receiving Large Invoices of
FRENCH CHINA,
OF NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SHAPE, AT ONE-HALF THE USUAL SELLING PRICES.

White French China Dinner Sets, 130 pieces,		$30.00
" " " Tea " 44 "		7.00
" " " Dinner Plates, per doz.,		2.00
" " " Tea " " "		1.50
" " " Cups and Saucers, 24 pieces,		2.00
French Cut Goblets, per dozen,		2.00

Also, Fancy Goods in China, Dinner, Tea, Toilet Sets, White Parisian Stone Ware, Cut and Pressed Glassware, Silver Plated Ware, Cutlery, &c., &c., at equally low prices. Goods packed to go all over the world, by express or otherwise. House Furnishing Goods in large variety.
Remember HADLEY'S Middle of the Block.
☞Send for Catalogue.☜
No Connection with corner Stores.
March 21, 1867.—3m

Banks.

THE
First National Bank of Gettysburg,
ALLOWS
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS
AS USUAL
Buys and Sells all Kinks of
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD AND SILVER,
Converts 7-30 *Notes into* 5-20 *U.S. Bonds.*
☞Orders solicited and promptly attended to.
GEO. ARNOLD, *Cashier.*
April 11, 1867.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG will cash 5-20 and 10-40 U. S. Bonds, also 7-30 and Compound Interest Notes.
GEORGE ARNOLD, Cashier.
Oct 11, 1866.

Gettysburg National Bank.
GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES,
SEVEN-THIRTIES
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
bought and sold.
Orders for purchase and sale of
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,
promptly executed.
☞INTEREST allowed on SPECIAL DEPOSITS at 3, 4 and 5 per cent., according to length of time of deposit. T. D. CARSON, Cashier.
April 11, 1867.

DREXEL & CO.
34 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
(BETWEEN MARKET AND CHESTNUT,)
PHILADELPHIA.
BANKERS,
AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
7-30s,
JUNE, JULY, AND AUGUST,
CONVERTED INTO
5-20s
Without charge, and at present with a PROFIT to the HOLDER.
GOLD, SILVER,
and
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES WANTED.
Applications by mail will receive prompt attention, and all information cheerfully furnished.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission here or in New York. Orders solicited.
Feb. 21, 1867.—3m

$23.000.000.
THE NEW SIX PER CENT.
PENNSYLVANIA
STATE LOAN.
FREE FROM ALL STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION.
Will be furnished in sums to suit, on application to the nearest Bank or Banker: also by either of the undersigned.
JAY COOKE & CO.,
DREXEL & CO.,
E. W. CLARK & CO.,
Bankers, Philadelphia.

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES
THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of
Carpenter's Tools.
Blacksmith's Tools.
Coach Findings,
hoe Findings.
Cabinet Maker's Tools.
Housekeeper's Fixtures.
All kinds of Iron &c
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
Oils, Paints, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above, but what can be had at this Store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any other house out of the city.
JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
May 29, 1867.

Confections, Ice Cream, Toys, &c.

SOMETHING NEW IN GETTYSBURG
The undersigned has the pleasure of informing the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he is now prepared to supply them with the famous
CREAM SODA,
drawn from Dow's Soda Fountain, which has become so popular in the cities. If you have never tasted this delicious drink, you don't know what you have missed.—Try it. Once tasted, you will become a regular patron. I have also opened my
ICE CREAM SALOON,
with accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, and am prepared to supply private families. Parties, &c., on reasonable terms. Also, constantly on hand, fresh
CONFECTIONS,
Cakes, &c. Call at the old established stand on Chambersburg street, opposite the Lutheran Church adjoining the Keystone Hotel.
May 29, 1867.—3m E. H. MINNIGH.

Fresh Confectionery, &c.
THE subscriber calls the attention of the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, to his fine Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street.
Cakes, Candies, and every description of Confections together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of fruits always on hand.
Parties, public and private, as well as families will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise,) and other refreshments at their houses, upon short notice.
Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction.
Call and see the Confectionary. JOHN GRUEL.
May 29, 1867.

TOYS, Notions, Marbles, &c., at J. M. WARNER'S

GO and see J. M. Warner's Store.

FRESH CONFECTIONARIES at J. M. WARNER'S.

THE finest and freshest FRUITS, NUTS, &c. at J. M. WARNER'S.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, &c., at J. M. WARNER'S.

MUSHROOM CRACKERS, something new in Gettysburg, at J. M. WARNER'S.

Millinery.

1867. SPRING MILLINERY, 1867.
MISS McCREARY has just opened a large and carefully selected Stock of FANCY BONNETS and Ornaments,
Staw Hats, Velvets,
Straw Bonnets, Malines,
Shaker Hoods, Rushes,
Ribbons, Laces,
Flowers, Frames,
Silks, Wires,
Crapes, Nets,
From long experience in business she feels confident of offering to customers a better selected and cheaper assortment of goods than can be found out of the cities, and cordially invites ladies to call and examine the goods.
To Milliners who may favor her with their custom, all patterns with instructions will be given gratis.
She also offers a very handsome assortment of FANCY and TOILET GOODS of the latest styles, and hopes a continuance of the patronage she has in years past so liberally received May 29.—tf

1867.] LADIES [1867
CALL THIS WAY.
Jennie L. Rinehart and Annie E. Cook.
ARE now opening a good assortment of SPRING STYLES in Hunterstown, including HATS of all descriptions; also, BONNETS made to order, neat and cheaply. Bleaching done in the shortest notice. Being always willing to oblige we hope to receive a liberal share of patronage. [April 18, 1867.—3m

WANTED!—Musk Rat and Mink Skins—the highest market price paid by THEO. C. NORRIS.

The Star and Sentinel.

SUMMER HOURS.

BY MRS. F. M. CHESBRO'.

In the air the sound of bird-notes;
On the breeze the breath of flowers;
O'er the sky the silver cloud floats—
Thus steal on the Summer hours.

Daisies spring up in the meadow—
Sunshine on the water gleams;
By the brook-side droops the willow—
Now steal o'er us Summer dreams.

Swallows twitter, 'mid the branches,
In the tree-tops' lofty bowels:
Softly o'er our waking senses,
Steal the dreamy Summer hours.

With the bird-note and the blossom;
With the blush on sky and flower;
With the deep, calm, blue of ocean,
Come the sunny Summer hours.

Comes with these the blest assurance,
Earnest of a better life;
Peace for us, and sweet deliverance
From the thralls of bloody strife.

Through the air melodious swelling,
Sweet with music's holy power,
Freedom's joyous song is ringing,
In this glorious Summer hour.

THE HARP IN HEAVEN.

If we desire to enter Heaven, where our Heavenly Father reigns with the angels, and all good people who have gone before us, we must endeavor to follow His commandments, that when we come to die, we can trust Him to take us to the celestial city, where harps of golden strings will be provided for those who followed His teachings. Says a lady contributor for one of our exchanges:

One of the sweetest recollections of my girlhood is a beautiful reply my mother on one occasion made me, when my heart was swelling with childish grief. I had just returned from the house of a very wealthy neighbor, who had kindly given me the use of their piano for a few hours every day, to gratify my extreme love for music. Our own cottage home looked so plain in contrast with the one I had just left, and no piano within its walls, I laid my head upon the table and gave vent to my overflowing heart. I felt grieved, (and perhaps a little angry, that we were unable to afford the one thing I most desired above all others—a piano—and expressed my feelings to my mother. Never shall I forget her sweet, gentle tone, as she simply replied, "Never mind, daughter, if you cannot have a piano on earth, you may have a harp in Heaven." Instantly the whole current of my feelings were changed. Earthly things dwindled into insignificance, and the "harp in Heaven," with its golden strings, became the object of my desire. I felt reproved for my repinings against the Providence that had placed me in an humble home, and from that moment the enjoyment of Heaven seemed far to outweigh all the pleasures of earth. That beautiful reply has followed me all my life, or rather has gone before me, like a guiding star, lifting my thoughts above this transient life, and opening to my spirit's vision the glorious scenes in that "land of life and light." I have a "piano on earth" now, but its charm is gone. Its music no longer gladdens my heart as it once did, for the ears that loved best to listen to its sweet tones are now enraptured with the grand harmonies of Heaven. The dear fingers that so often touched its keys now sweep the golden harp-strings. Oh, that "harp in Heaven!" how my soul longs for one breath of its rich melody. As I look upon the dear baby fingers in the cradle near me, I think it matters little whether my child be rich or poor, whether her path be strewn with thorns or flowers, if she may only have a "harp in Heaven."

OUR CHILDHOOD'S HOME.

Home! be it ever so humble there is no place like home. The home of our childhood is ever fresh in our memory; and we seldom see more beautiful sentiments expressed than are contained in the following article:

Much has been said and written on this subject, and yet it never runs out; for is there one of earth's prilgrims who has come to years of maturity who does not look back with feelings of joy to that loved spot where he was wont to gather with loved ones round a home fireside? He may cross the blue sea, wander for many years in a stranger land, revel in all earth's pleasures, but sometime in the midst of revelry a chime from "memory bells" will fall upon his ear, and he will pause to think for a moment

"Of his home o'er the deep."

His eyes may be greeted with beautiful scenery, the fragrance of rare flowers may perfume the air, but his mind will wander back to the fields and groves around the home of his early years. He will think of the vines over his mother's window, and will exclaim within himself, "They were far more beautiful than all this I am gazing upon." Such is the power home memories have over all the heart. Oh, you who have happy homes, prize them well; bind their influence about your heart, so when you are called to wander far from them, you will have naught but pleasant memories to bear with you. Give earnest heed to the lessons of wisdom which are taught there, and they will bear golden fruit in after years.

HOPE AND COURAGE.

True hope is based on energy of character. A strong mind always hopes, and has always cause to hope, because it knows the mutability of human affairs, and how slight a circumstance may change the whole course of events. Such a spirit, too, rests upon itself; and if at last all should be lost, it has saved itself its own integrity and worth. Hope awakens courage, while despondency is the last of all evils; it is the abandonment of good—the giving up of the battle of life with dead nothingness. He who can implant courage in the human soul is the best physician. To seek to govern men by their fears and their wants is an unworthy purpose; the desire to rule by means of cowardice. Love inspires courage and hope, and this is doubly the giver and preserver of life. Whatsoever teaches boldness to combat the manifold evils and assaults of life, enables us to win the crown of victory. Special care therefore, ought to be taken in education to teach what true courage is—as well in social and domestic as in public affairs—and by what means it may be best sustained.

A PATTERN DISPATCH.

In the works of British Essayists, may be found the following translation of the original letter of the Marshal Bonffiers to the French king, after the battle in the woods: "Sire—This is to let your Majesty understand, that, to your immortal honor and the destruction of the Confederates, your troops have lost another battle. Artagnan did wonders; Rohan performed miracles; Guiche did wonders; Gattion performed miracles. The whole army distinguished themselves, and everybody did wonders. And to conclude the wonders of the day, I can assure your Majesty that, though you have lost the field of battle, you have not lost an inch of ground. The enemy marched behind us with respect, and we ran away from them as bold as lions."

PRAYING FOR RAIN.

The following comical description is from the new novel of "Litany Merval," recently published in England:

It was so warm during the "Litany" that the rector once thought of sending a message to Mr. Barlow, to repeat the prayer for rain. The grain crops would suffer, and the grass lands wanted a little freshening for the aftermath, or fog, as it is called in the north. The rectory haughs were almost burnt up. But he had never forgotten an experiment on that subject some years ago, under similar circumstances. While he was reading the prayer for rain an old farmer, a Castle tenant, who lived high up in the vale and had lost his hay crop of the preceding year, suddenly shouted out from his pew. "Nay, nay, parson! nae mair water yet! next Sunday 'll be time enough; nae mair water!" The rector stopped, requesting the farmer to see him in the vestry after service, and then finished the prayer.

The farmer walked boldly into the vestry after the service, and the rector, in his full robes, asked him what objections he had to the prayer being read. The farmer, nothing daunted, replied that his best meadow was in cock and the two other fields had only just been cut, and it didn't suit him to pray for rain to spoil his hay; how was he to keep his stock through the winter, or to pay his rent? there were only some half dozen beside the rector who wanted rain, and it was shameful for parsons to pray for themselves, and have no regard for the poor: that he was only a small farmer, but he had a large family to support: that his farm was always wet—and he finished by slapping one of the church wardens on the back, declaring that no man should pray for rain in that church as long as he lived—not Elijah himself.

The rector was much disconcerted by this attack, and had no reply at hand. But he managed to lose his temper, and calling his temporal power to his aid, as a justice of peace, he fined the indignant farmer a pound sterling to be paid on the spot, under what statute did not appear. The farmer, in reply, shook his fist so close to the rector's nose, that the church-warden interposed, and, with some struggling, at last got him out of the church, protesting as he did to the very church door, that he didn't care for their prayer, that in spite of praying, there would be no rain as long as the wind was in the east, and that his crops should rot on the land for the next year's crop, sooner than pay one farthing of the fine. Of course the rector, with the fear of Mr. John Johnson before his eyes, was glad to let the matter drop, and, since that event, has taken care to pray no more either for fair weather or foul.

AN OPPORTUNE ARRIVAL.

In the year 1849 I was engaged in collecting outstanding debts due the Apalachian, a paper published in Blairsville, Indiana county, Pennsylvania and my business led me to the Cherry Tree, at the headwaters of the Susquehanna river. It was in May, and the flowers were out in all their pristine beauty. The water in the river was still pretty high, and I had ridden some distance along the bank when my path diverged from the river side some distance, and then suddenly came back to the margin, just where the river took a turn and the water deepened. As I approached I heard one sobbing and crying in the greatest distress, and on looking down the river I discovered a young girl, apparently about fifteen or sixteen years of age, and remarkably good looking, wringing her hands and moaning in the most deplorable manner. I asked her what was the matter, and between her sobs I made out the following:

"I was playing on this—log—and—my baby fell into the water, and—the—there it goes down th—there."

And upon looking down the stream about four or five yards from the shore there floated a child, its one little hand raised above the rippling waves, while its little head and face bobbed up and down with every curve of the water. Without a moment's thought I sprang from my horse and into the stream; a few strokes brought me up to the little "innocent." Carefully putting my left hand under it, and holding it almost completely out of the water with my right, I made my way to shore and carefully gathering it in my arms, I laid it gently in the arms of its little nurse: but judge of my surprise when I beheld—for I had not time to look at it before—that it was a doll baby, with a china head! On looking around for my horse, I saw him just disappearing over the hill. I gave chase but my clothes were wet, and I didn't overtake him until I had footed it for more than seven miles. I can't bear the sight of a doll baby since. If I ever come across that girl again—well, I suppose she is a girl no longer, and has found out the difference ere this between real and doll babies; but I wonder if she remembers the stranger who rescued her darling?"

THE TURQUOISE.

Fanciful opinions have been entertained respecting this well-known gem. Mr. Emanuel says: "Many persons believe that the turquoise indicates the wearer's state of health, and the fact that turquoises do vary their color in the most unaccountable manner may have something to do with this old superstition—The orientals thought it lucky, and that it would bring health and fortune to the wearer."

The same writer supplies us with the following story, for the truth of which we cannot vouch, but which is none the less amusing: "One of my relatives," says somebody, "possessed a turquoise set in a gold ring, which he used to wear on his finger as a superior ornament. It happened that the owner of the ring was seized with a malady of which he died. During the whole period in which the wearer enjoyed his full health, the turquoise was distinguished for unparalleled beauty and clearness, but scarcely was he dead, when the stone lost its lustre, and assumed a faded, withered appearance, as if mourning for its master. This sudden change in the nature of the stone made me lose the desire originally entertained of purchasing it, which I might have done for a trifling sum; and so the turquoise passed into other hands. However, no sooner did it gain a new owner than it regained its former exquisite freshness, and lost all traces of its temporary defects. I felt greatly vexed that I had lost such a valuable and sensitive gem."—*Lapidarius.*

☞Two young ladies in San Francisco the other day, in crossing a street in opposite directions, happened to meet face to face, and as it was very muddy on both sides of the crossing, neither would turn out of the way, but stood glaring at each other for about a quarter of an hour. During that time a crowd of about three or four hundred people assembled, the street was blocked up, and traffic had to come to a stand-still. The females were young and well dressed, and looked as if they ought to have had better ideas of propriety than they exhibited. The crowd hooted and jeered, and appeared to enjoy the scene amazingly. At length a policeman came along and compelled one of them to take the right "as the law directs." The look of concentrated hate given by the party who had to step off the walk is said to have been indescribable.

AN EXCITING SPECTACLE.

One of the most marvelous sights ever witnessed, is a herd of wild horses, in full and fiery march along the pampas of South America. The tall grass at the approach of thousands of eager and impetuous feet, waves to and fro like the waves of the sea. Grand as a whirlwind, yet in the most regular order, the herd hurries on, their manes flowing like bags and their tails erect like banners. At the head of the vast triangle gallops, as leader, guide and champion, the strongest horse of the herd. Behind him in lines mathematically straight—far more straight and unbroken than a cavalry regiment—and gradually extending until they reach their extreme length, at the base of the triangle the most powerful horses are occupied as guard. In the middle as most needing help and shelter, are the foals and and their mothers: but still as a portion of the strictly symmetrical lines. This is beautiful, even if—apart from the splendor and energy—there was nothing more than an illustration of the infallible geometry of instinct. The spectacle however, has other admirers besides the *gaucho* and the travelers as they rein in their steeds for a moment to gaze. Above, however, are the loathsome vulture and the voracious eruba: and, keeping pace with the mighty cohort of the wilderness, is the pitiless juguar. Onward—ever onward—that cohort sweeps. But one of the weaklings in the very heart of the triangle stumbles and falls, and then another. Yet there stalwart brethren pause not, even for an instant, to succor the unfortunates. Concerned only that the line might not waver, they furiously tramped on them as if rejoicing to prepare a repast for the insatiable spoiler.

A Snuff-Lover's Will.

A writer in Chambers' *Journal* tells this story:

"Dame Margaret Thompson's last will and testament was something unique. It set forth that, as it was usual to put flowers into the coffins of departed friends, and she had never found any flowers so fragrant and refreshing as the precious powder, her trusty servant Sarah was to take care her body was covered with the best Scotch snuff. Six men, the greatest snuff-takers in the parish, were to carry her to the grave, and the half-dozen old maids selected to act as pall-bearers were to be supplied with boxes of snuff wherewith to refresh themselves on the road. The officiating clergyman was to be paid four guineas upon condition that he walked with the procession and took a certain quantity, not exceeding one pound, of the same.

"Sarah's legacy depended upon her carrying out the wishes of the testatrix, strewing the threshold of the house in Boyle street with two bushels of snuff, and walking before the corpse for the purpose of distributing every twenty yards a large handful of Scotch snuff to the ground and upon the ground. Lastly, to every legacy bequeathed by Dame Thompson was attached a gift of one pound of the grand cordial of nature. The sex added a foil to every obvious grace, down to the days of the Regency: Queen Charlotte herself was a dear lover of a pinch, and kept her box well filled with best Spanish or violet Strasburg mixed with green tea: and, of course, as long as the first lady in the land set such an example, fashion saw nothing unladylike in feminine snuffing."

THE FRENCHMAN'S REVENUE.

There are but few pleasing reminiscenes of the time when business and credit were prostrated by the hurricane which swept over this country in "thirty-seven"—when the banks generally suspended specie payments, and hard cash was a phenomenon.

We recollect but one mirth-provoking incident, connected with the great panic, and that was the presentation of a hundred dollar bill at the counter of a city bank, by a little Frenchman, with a demand for the specie.

"Monsieur," said the fierce little Frenchman, "vill you pay his bill? Vill you give me e monnatie?"

"We cannot redeem it at present," said the teller, in a very bland tone, "we have suspended."

"Suspended! Vot's that? Hang by the neck like one dam thieving dog? No sare! you no deceive me, sar! I vill have ze farz gent, ze gold, ze silvare, ze copparé!"

"We cannot pay it now. We will redeem our notes when other banks redeem theirs."

"When order bank redeem theirs. By gar, ze oder bank say ze same, sare! I vill shoot you, sare, viz ze pistol, ze gun, ze cannon, sare!"

"You had better wait, sir. You had better keep cool."

"By gar, I vill *not* vait, I vill not keep cool—vill have, by gar, *revenge*! Sare! look here! I tear your paper note all in leetle piece! I chew him! I stamp on him! You lose your little dam billet note! There, sare—I am revenge, *I am, by gar, revenge.*

And having destroyed the note, looking full defiance at the cashier, tellers, and all hands, the little Frenchman stalked out of the bank with the air of Napoleon.

THEATRICAL.

During Mr. Kean's performance of Richard III, some years ago, at the Park Theatre, New York, a green Vermonter, who was a stranger to the mimic art, never having been at the theatre before, took a seat in the pit, pretty near the orchestra, and was observed to watch the performance with absorbing interest. He neither joined in the applause bestowed on the performers, nor in the hisses lavished on the "supes," but silently and admiringly looked on at the play. He heard the drum beat to arms at Bosworth field—heard Richard's soul-stirring address to his army, and that of Richmond also—he saw the onslaught, and heard the clash of arms, and still did he preserve his silence, but when at length Richard comes reeling in, overcome almost by the loss of blood and the disasters of the day, crying out, at the top of his voice—

"A horse! a horse! my kingdom for a horse!!"

the Vermonter rose and "sung" out,—

"Look here, stranger, I haint got no horse, but I have a first-rate bob tail mare round here at the stable—as sure footed a critter as ever cantered; just hold on there, I'll be blamed if I don't bring her to you right off!"

The Vermonter, as they say in critical parlance, "brought down the house."

☞A bishop, who was fond of shooting, in one of his excursions, met with a friend's gamekeeper, whom he sharply reproved for inattention to his religious duties, exhorting him strenously to "go to church and read his Bible." The keeper in an angry mood responded, "Why, I do read my Bible, sir, but I don't find in it any mention of the apostles going a-shooting." "No, my good man, you are right," said the bishop; "the shooting was very bad in Palestine, so they went fishing instead."

A young lady of Urbana, Illinois, who was recently caught smoking a cigar by the "local" of the Gazette of that place, gave as her reason for the act, "That it made it smell as if there was a man around."

WHAT State is high in the middle and round at both edns? Ans.—O-hi-o.

REGARDING BOYS.

The New York *Commercial Advertiser* offers the following sensible remarks upon boys, which we commend to parents. The article is not unworthy the attentive perusal of school teachers:

"There are two varieties of the species boy: the boy in books and the boy in real life.—With the boy in books we are all familiar.—He once cut down an apple-tree, and wouldn't save himself from a flogging by saying he didn't; in which conduct he differs widely from the boy in real life, as indicated by our experience. The boy in books, as some of us have read, stood on the burning deck whence all but him had fled. And why did he stand on the burning deck? Did he do anybody or anything any good by standing on the burning deck? No; his staying was utterly silly and useless. He simply—very simply—stayed because his father told him to. Does he do his father the injustice to believe that he would order him to burn himself alive? Does he think that his father knew of some great end to be attained by strict fulfillment of his command—an end invisible to the common ken? No, no. A boy of sense would be morally certain that the spirit of his father's order was directly opposite to its letter, and would act accordingly. Consequently Casabianca, though a hero, was not a boy of sense. If you ask the boy in real life his candid opinion of the boy in books who let himself be burned up because he thought his father wished it, and, if circumstances were favorable to sincerity—that is, if guardians and teachers were not listening—we think the boy in real life would say that the boy in books was a Muggins, and behaved as such in the emergency to which we have alluded.

"A perusal of Herbert Spencer's book on Education would startle many who think that they entertain radical views regarding the culture of children. Mr. Spencer starts with the hypothesis that children have all the natural rights of human beings, and that no coercion is lawful which is not absolutely necessary for the protection of the rights of others. This, of course, restricts the authority of parents, guardians and teachers, simply to moral suasion, and limits them to the attainment of their aims in education by the intelligent adaptation of mild means to emergencies. The defect in Mr. Spencer's theory is, that human nature—which includes boy nature, of course—is not sufficiently developed intellectually and morally, to be amenable to its conditions.

"But no one plan will do for the management of all boys. The rudeness, frankness and exuberance of some must be modified, though not utterly repressed, while in other instances it must be developed—cultivated.—The main duty we owe to boys, is to secure them the conditions that are favorable to perfect health. Vain will be knowledge, accomplishment, manner, thrift, oven self-control and self-denial, unless physical health underlie all these. And the guaranty of physical health to all who are organically sound, is plenty of play—out-door play. Mere exercise, without the play element, is aliment without savor, drink without zest. This is why lifting weights and climbing poles and ropes never vitalize a man's organism as sport of the simplest kind enlivens a boy's system. And the tendencies of a boy's nature, when their direction is normal, are all toward play. We think, too, that it will usually be found that the boy who plays the hardest, works the hardest. Certainly he sleeps the soundest; and sound sleep is a great blessing. It is a great thing to be engrossed by one's occupation. And the apprenticeship to that engrossment is served at play.

"Be tolerant, then, of the racket and rude exuberance of boyhood! You ask a boy to control himself for the sake of your nerves, which are morbidly tender, perhaps, because your muscles and lungs did not get their share of blood when you were a boy. You ask him, we repeat, to control himself for the sake of your nerves. Why not control your nerves and temper for *his* sake? But the subject grows upon us beyondt he confines of a paragraph, and we must stop."

Bewitching New Fashions.

Who shall describe the exquisite taste and beauty of the ladies' walking dresses? Taken as a class, woman can contrive more outlandish and ugly customs than one would think possible without the gift of inspiration. But this time they have been felicitous in invention. The wretched waterfall still remains of course, but in a modified form; every change we have undergone was for the better. First it represented a bladder of Scotch snuff; next it hung down the woman's back like a canvass covered ham; afterward it contracted, and counterfeited a turnip on the back of the head; now it sticks straight out behind, and looks like a wire muzzle on a greyhound.—Nestling in the midst of this long stretch of head and hair reposes the little batter-cake of a bonnet, like a jockey-saddle on a race-horse. You will readily perceive that this looks very unique, and pretty, and coquettish. But the glory of the custom is the robe—the dress. No furbelows, no flounces, no biases, no ruffles, no gores, no flutter-wheels, no hoops to speak of—nothing but a rich, plain, narrow black dress, terminating just below the knees in long saw teeth (pointing downward), and under it a flaming red skirt, enough to put your eyes out, that reaches down only to the ankle-bone, and exposes the restless little feet.—Charming, fascinating, seductive, bewitching! To see a lovely girl of seventeen, with a saddle on her head, and a muzzle on behind, and her veil just covering the end of her nose, come tripping along in the hoopless, red-bottomed dress, like a churn on fire, is enough to set a man wild. I must drop this subject—I can't stand it.—*Mark Twain.*

THE COLDEST SEASON.

The Buffalo *Courier* has found a man, Mr. Jerome Botsford, who remembers a colder spring than the recent, and says that newspapers and weather critics are all wrong in their complaints about this season as the "most backward ever known."

He says the spring of 1837 was not only more backward, but much more rain fell than than has fallen this season. He has distinct recollection that on the 25th of May of that year, the steamer Commodore Perry, of 450 tons burthen, commanded by Captain David Wilkinson, was the first to enter Buffalo harbor. She arrived from Detroit, via Toledo, and had to break her way through the ice for a distance of thirty miles. The canals opened that spring on the 26th of April, and that crowds of passengers would arrive on the canal boats day after day, rush aboard the steamers lying at the dock, and seeing no prospect of getting through the ice barrier in the harbor, would take the stage for Dunkirk and other points, where they could procure passage on steamers to the upper lakes. Notwithstanding the wet season and late planting that year, the crops of 1837 yielded most abundantly.

☞A gentleman, driving up to a country inn, somewhere in Clinton co., Pa., accosted a youth thusly:

"Adolescence, extricate my quadruped from the vehicle; stabulate him, donate him a sufficient supply of nutricious ailment, and when the aurora of morn shall again illuminate the oriental horizon, I will reward your amiable hospitality with a pecuniary compensation."

The boy becoming puzzled, and not comprehending the meaning of the gentleman's high-sounding effusion, ran into the house and exclaimed: "Daddy, here is a dutchman out here who wants some lager and switzer cheese."

PROUD characters love those to whom they do a service.

The Star & Sentinel.

Wednesday. June 12, 1867.

MARYLAND POLITICS.

Last week we gave the members of the Maryland Constitutional Convention too much credit. We said that, after debate, they had voted into their Constitution a clause recognizing colored persons as competent to appear as witnesses in Court. This was true; but they afterwards grew affright at their boldness, reconsidered their action, and referred the whole subject to the legislature of the State. The last Legislature, a few weeks ago, defeated a bill for this very purpose, mainly upon the ground that the Constitutional Convention, soon to meet, could more properly effect it. Thus these embittered, defeated, rebellious men, whose souls are full of poison and hate, continue their petty schemings to thwart national legislation, assert the exploded follies of the Slave era, and check the inevitable growth of liberty.

Several circumstances have illustrated the true character of these men. They refused, on meeting, to take the Oath of Office prescribed for them by the existing Constitution, because some of them could not honestly swear they had not aided the rebellion; and they substituted a new oath which conveniently omitted all reference to the past, and only required promises for the future—gladly taking this for office and power's sake, as they had often done before, mentally reserving the right to break it whenever expediency required. They have insulted the nation by a pretentious re-assertion, in offensive form, of the worst dogmas of secession, and have incorporated into their Constitution the de-nationalizing and destructive theories so prevalent before the war, but which have been generally conceded to have been settled by the war, adversely to the theories. They have connived at the denial of the Constitutionality of the Emancipation decreed by the people of the United States; and have encouraged the hope that Slavery might be re-established, or, that failing, that the Government would tax the resources of the Nation for the payment of those who suffered by the overthrow of the "domestic institution," which had become literally a nursery for Traitors. They are opening the elective franchise to every Traitor who left the State, joined the armies of Jeff Davis, and bathed his hands in the blood of men who were faithful to the flag, the Constitution, and the Nation; and are meanly denying it to thousands of colored persons who either served in the armies of the Union, or gave "aid and comfort" thereto. And this, for the characteristic reason, as given by one of their number, that "they could not enfranchise the negro in Maryland, as to do so would be to give control of the State to the Radicals." They have missed no opportunity to try to wipe out the record of Maryland's loyalty throughout the war, and to flaunt their sympathy with that "Lost Cause," which embodied the most hateful purposes for which men ever fought, and has gone to its grave bearing the contempt of every liberal spirit who treads the earth.

These are the men whom Gov. Swann's unparalleled baseness has thrown, for the moment, into the control of public affairs in Maryland. We observe that, in deference to Gov. Swann, they have concluded not to disturb his tenure of office. This is meet. Let him count his thirty pieces of silver, till his four years have expired. Afterwards, he will have time to hang himself.

This despicable Convention counts among its membership scarcely one person known during the war as a Union man. All were sympathizers with the Rebellion; and many of them so publicly, that they were seized by the Government and confined that they might be harmless. To-day, they are the governing power in the State of Maryland. But their power will be temporary. Already, the Baltimore correspondent of the Charleston *Mercury* sees the signs of the coming of the day of wrath. When it shall come, Treason shall no longer be respectable in Maryland; Traitors shall no longer rule it; and Maryland, having a "*republican* form of government," will resume her olden and honored place among her sisters.

☞ The Republicans of Beaver county have nominated one of the best men in the State—THOMAS NICHOLSON, Esq., for Assembly. It is gratifying to see a disposition manifested by the people to improve the character of our State Legislature by the nomination of upright and able men, who have been TESTED and PROVED to be beyond the corrupting influences which have sadly demoralized legislation.

Purity in the legislator is as indispensable as intelligence in the elector; and no government can be considered stable in which unprincipled men are permitted to wield the vast powers which are lodged in the hands of law-makers.

The same Convention passed resolutions in favor of the enactment of a Free Railroad Law; and in favor of Gen. W. W. IRWIN as the next State Treasurer.—Gen IRWIN will be long remembered as the efficient Commissary-General of the State, during the war. He is likely to prove a formidable candidate.

HON. JAMES K. MOORHEAD, who has for several Congresses represented one of the Allegheny districts, has formally announced his purpose not to be a candidate for re-election. General Moorhead has devoted himself to his public duties with a zeal and assiduity which have won the respect of all his colleagues; and he has served his constituents intelligently, faithfully, and well. His term of service covers the most interesting period of our history; and his record is one of which he and his children may well be proud. The respect of the citizens of the State, as well as the love of his immediate constituency, will follow the General in his voluntary retirement from the cares and trials of public life.

THE Raleigh *Standard* says that the effect of President JOHNSON'S visit to North Carolina has been to encourage the spirit of Rebellion; and that the enemies of our Government are more exultant and defiant than they have heretofore been.

In other words, the President has infused into his North Carolina friends, somewhat of the bitterness which inflames his own heart. The Country last year survived his trip to Chicago. It will this year complete reconstruction, notwithstanding his trip to Raleigh.

☞ The demand for a Free Railroad law, drawn in good faith and practicable in execution, appears to be rising over the State. The Blair County Republican Convention last week declared for it.

THE ELECTION IN WASHINGTON CITY.

We announced last week briefly the result of the election in Washington City on Monday of last week, for City officers. The Republican Victory was more overwhelming than was at first supposed.—The Republican majority over all on the popular vote is 2,898, the whole vote having been:

Republican,	8,218
Democratic,	5,201
Independent,	119

The Republicans carried most of the wards. The victory is even more decided than that achieved in Georgetown, last February; and sounds the death-knell of Aristocracy in the National Capital.

We annex some striking comments from the Philadelphia *North American*:

There were over eighteen thousand voters registered, of whom more than eight thousand were blacks. The Democrats tried hard to get all the white voters, but failed. Their ticket polled only 5,201 votes out of the eighteen thousand registered. The Republican ticket polled 8,218 votes, and at the close about two thousand Republicans had been unable to vote by reason of the crowds and the slow reception of votes. Our colored friends appear to have been wide awake to their own interests, thoroughly organized in every precinct, and although all sorts of dodges were used to deceive them they showed themselves as shrewd as any voters on the ground. They would not take a ticket from any but a known Republican, nor vote it until it had been carefully examined by some one in whom they could trust.—Aware of the prejudice against them, they did not go up to the polls separately, but organized in bodies, and marched up in processions, prepared to stand by each other's rights. They had accurate lists of all their voters, and worked steadily all day through all sorts of weather to bring them out. We repeat these details in order to point them to the attention of those who feared that the blacks were too ignorant and stupid to know how to vote intelligently. It is now manifest that they know their friends from their enemies; know who have enfranchised and protected them, and who have maligned and oppressed them. It is also manifest that their employers cannot prevent their adhering to the Republican party.

Another important development of these elections is that in all parts of the South a minority has been the ruling power. Both Washington and Georgetown have hitherto been dominated by the Democratic party, and now, when universal suffrage is established, it turns out that this party was really a minority in both cities.

Many of the Democrats in the Northern States affect great horror at the colored men being allowed to vote. They were fit to fight the Rebels in the field; they were fit to go as substitutes for men who had no taste for the perils of battle; they were fit to help save a Nation threatened with overthrow. But now that the Nation has been saved and the men of the Rebel armies have laid aside the bullet and have resumed the power of the ballot, it is asserted that we ought not to give these faithful colored men an opportunity of meeting at the ballot-box the Rebel soldiers whom they met on the battle-field. It is insisted that we ought, rather, to trust our interests and fortunes to our defeated enemies, and punish with perpetual disfranchisement and humiliation the men who helped, at our urgent call, to work out our safety.

In the South, Democrats act differently. They are endeavoring, by all the means in their power, to capture the votes of the colored citizens. They have employed Beverly Nash and other colored speakers to stump South Carolina and other Southern States in their interest; and at this moment, the chief aim of the Southern wing of the Democratic party is to conciliate to their ideas the colored population.

In Washington City, they used all means at command, but without much effect. As a specimen of their arguments against the Republicans, we annex the Washington *Intelligencer's* Report of the speech of John Sargent, a colored Democrat, delivered on Saturday evening, June 1, at the regular Democratic Ratification Meeting held in front of City Hall. It can be found in the *Intelligencer* of June 3, 1867. Col. Thomas B. Florence, formerly of Philadelphia, and now editor of the *Constitutional Union*, and other Democrats spoke from the same stand:

JOHN SARGENT was next introduced, and his appearance was greeted with the loudest applause. He commenced by saying that he was a Democrat inside and out. [Applause.] He had been rocked in the cradle of Democracy. [Cries of "That's right;" "Go it, old man," &c.] A cloud has been spreading over the North for these many years, and it had now reached the South. He wanted the colored men to understand what it was that brought them from Africa. They were brought from there by the people of the North, and were carried up North and kept there until they were worn out, after which they were sent down South.—After a while the people North found they had no more use for the colored people, and they said, now we are going to free you. It was not for the good of the colored man that the North freed him, but because they could get no more plunder out of him. [Applause.] It would not do to tell him that he was loved so much by a people who had stolen him from Africa, and then sold him South after they had no more use for him. He did not believe any such nonsense. The Southern man had never turned the negro off when he became useless, but when the negro ran away he left the corn-house, the bacon, and the doctor's bill behind him. He had no confidence in the pretended friendship of the Radicals, and would therefore vote the Democratic ticket if his hand was chopped off the next moment. [Applause.] He loved the Southern man, and would not go back on his Southern friends.

He loved his colored friends, but they did not love themselves if they permitted themselves to be persuaded into voting for the Radicals. All the Radicals loved the colored man for was to get into office and stay there through the votes of the colored man. He was never going to vote for a set of men who only wanted to get into office and had never done anything for his advantage or benefit.

The speaker concluded by relating the familiar anecdote of the colored man who was sent by his master to a friend with a present of a guineapig, and who, stopping at a tavern by the way, had the pig taken out and a puppy put in its place, and who, upon arrival at his destination, was surprised to find that the pig with which he started had turned into a puppy. He related this as illustrative of the Radicals, who could be pig or puppy, just as they pleased, and who were now great friends of the colored man for the sole purpose of securing the colored vote.

Mr. Sargent was frequently interrupted by applause, and, after his remarks, the meeting adjourned with three cheers for the Conservative candidates.

ANTIETAM NATIONAL CEMETERY.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Antietam Cemetery, on 3rd inst., it was resolved to advertise for designs for a monument. A Lodge House is to be built, not to exceed $6,000 in cost.—Dr. A. A. BIGGS was re-elected President; and THOMAS A. BOULLT, Secretary and Treasurer. The Cemetery is to formally dedicated September 17th, 1867, the fifth anniversary of the battle. Ex-Gov. CURTIN of Pennsylvania was chosen the Orator for the occasion. Gen. CRAWFORD acted for Pennsylvania in the meeting; and DAVID WILLS, Esq., of this place was admitted as an advisory member of the Board. It is thought, the Cemetery will contain the bodies of five thousand soldiers, when all removals are made.

GENERAL NEWS.

IT is thought Delaware will send 2,000,000 baskets of peaches to market.

ERNEST C. WALLACE, one of the editors of the Philadelphia *Evening Bulletin*, died on the 3d, of consumption.

THERE are 1,100 miles of railroad completed in Wisconsin, nearly all tributary to Milwaukee.

A MAN in New York died on Saturday from drinking a quart of whiskey on a bet of a hundred dollars. He "died as the fool dieth."

THE Salisbury (N. C.) *Banner* says that the county of Forsythe sold enough dried blackberries last year to pay its taxes.

THE cholera has re-appeared in some of the country districts of France. There was one death from cholera in New York last week.

THE Livermore Falls *Gazette* says Mr. Stinchfield, of Leeds, recently sold a horse in California for the snug little sum of $45,000.

GEN. GRANT'S income over and above that received from the Government is $4,800.—Some years ago he was engaged in a tan yard at about $80 per month.

THE emigrant Agent of the Piedmont, Va., Land Agency, from Switzerland, has just arrived in Lynchburg, Va., with a party of emigrants, mostly field laborers.

LIEUT. COL. WM. Riddle, formerly of Gen. Reynolds' Staff, and afterwards of Gen. Meade's, died on the 2d, at his mother's residence in Philadelphia.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company have recently purchased a controlling interest in the West Branch and Susquehanna Canals, and intend to improve the line as far up as Northumberland.

THE Internal Revenue Receipts have increased until they now reach an average of a million of dollars a day. Previously, they have, for some time, scarcely reached half that figure.

THE New York Constitutional Convention met on 4th inst., in Albany, and promptly organized by the election of Hon. W. A. Wheeler, as President. He received 100 votes to 49 for all others.

THE St. James Lutheran Church in New York city, the Rev. A. C. Wedekind, opened on Sunday, June 2nd, for the first time since its destruction by fire. The church has been entirely rebuilt.

THE statement which went the rounds of the papers a short time ago in reference to the act for the recording of Soldiers' Discharges appears to have been incorrect. The act had passed the House but failed in the Senate.

BRIGHAM YOUNG was enthusiastically received by the Saints of Salt Lake on his return from a southern trip, May 15. As he desired to be economical, only two dozen of his wives accompanied him.

SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES.—The Second Auditor estimates that it will take eighteen months to settle the soldiers' bounties authorized by the last Congress, although four hundred clerks are employed on the work.

SUFFRAGE IN ENGLAND.—The ballot is now enjoyed by about one in seven in England; and should the proposition to extend the suffrage, now pending in Parliament, prevail, the ballot will be enjoyed by one out of three or four.

THE records of the Department of Internal Revenue disclose the fact that in the whole United States, last year, only 450,000 persons paid tax upon incomes. Out of thirty-five million of population less than half a million reported incomes exceeding six hundred dollars.

THE Indianapolis *Journal* tells of a certain old gentleman in that city who now revels in the connubial bliss of a sixth marriage. His last matrimonial adventure is of a late date. He has had the same attendant at each of his weddings, who, having stood by him through six troubles, seems determined to see him through the seventh, taking a scriptural view of things.

A St. Petersburg letter says that the Russian Government is busy adjusting the claims of the Russian Fur Company in "Alaska," with the view to assume all liabilities on transferring that territory to the United States, and that the stock has risen materially in consequence—from 60 ₱ cent. to 180; but it seems that the government will not be likely to pay more than 70 or 80 ₱ cent., as that is really all the stock is worth.

BY the appropriation bill passed at the last session of our Legislature, the salary of the President Judge of this district was fixed at $3,500 for the present year. The salaries of Associate Judges of this Commonwealth, were fixed at the sum of five dollars per day for every day not exceeding fifty they may be employed in discharge of their official duties, and for every day in excess of fifty the sum of three dollars is allowed: provided the salary of no associate Judge shall be less than three hundred dollars.

HEAVY DAMAGES AGAINST A RAILROAD COMPANY.—It will be remembered that two years ago a terrible accident occurred on the Pennsylvania railroad, at Landisville, about four miles west of Lancaster. Among the victims were Mr. and Mrs. Butler, of Lewistown.—These unfortunates left a large family of helpless children to mourn their untimely death. A suit of damages in the name of the orphans, for the death of their father, tried at Middleburg, Snyder county, week before last, resulted in a verdict of $18,000 damages for the plaintiffs. A suit is also pending for damages for the death of Mrs. Butler.

ANONYMOUS COMMUNICATIONS.

It is a well-established rule in newspaper offices not to notice Anonymous Communications. Those persons who have occasion to address us, cannot object to our requiring their names as a guarantee for good faith, and, besides, that we may know whom to address if we wish to reply.

GEN. SHERIDAN has removed Governor WELLS, of Louisiana as being an obstacle to Reconstruction. Hon. THOMAS J. DURANT, appointed to succeed him having declined, Gen. SHERIDAN appointed Hon. BENJAMIN F. FLANDERS, lately a Union member of Congress, Treasury Agent, &c. Gov. WELLS declined to vacate the office, whereupon Gen. SHERIDAN sent a staff officer to eject him, and Gov. WELLS surrendered "only to the sword," as he expressed it.

Mr. FLANDERS is a sound Union man, and a gentleman of ability. A doubt has been raised as to the course of President JOHNSON in the matter—some persons supposing that he will not sustain Gen. SHERIDAN in his course. Gov. WELLS appears to have retained the confidence of no party, and his removal is generally approved in New Orleans.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON and party have returned from the South. The ceremonies attendant upon the erection in Raleigh, of a monument to his father, by public subscription, came off on Tuesday last, when several speeches were made, and a supper given in the evening.

The President said little, comparatively; but what he did say was largely about himself, and in the vein peculiar to him.

☞ The Evansville, (Indiana) *Sentinel*, (Democratic), says its first choice for President is Robert E. Lee.

FOREIGN NEWS.

It is semi-officially announced that the Prussian Government has refused to comply with the expressed desire of the Emperor Napoleon, that it would pledge itself against any future arming of the Fortress of Rastadt.

The plan of the Zoll-Verein for all Germany, including the States of South Germany as well as those comprised in the North German Confederation, has been formed. Hesse has voted to enter the North German Confederation.

Lord Monck has been appointed Viceroy of the Dominion of Canada.

On the 6th, an attempt was made to assassinate the Emperor of Russia while driving back from the grand review with the Emperor Napoleon. In the Imperial carriage at the time were the Czar, his two sons, and the Emperor of France. The attempt was made while they were returning through the Bois de Boulogne. A young man about twenty years of age fired a pistol at the Czar. It would seem that the pistol was overloaded, and exploded, wounding the hand of the assassin. It is said a bystander threw up the arm of the wretch as he fired the pistol, and that he was instantly cut down by the escort, and made a prisoner, severely wounded. The Imperial carriage passed on without halting. It is supposed the villain is a Pole, for just previous to the attempt cries of "*Vive la Polonge!*" were heard. The Imperial party escaped injury.—A thousand rumors are in circulation, and there is great excitement in Paris. No further facts are positively known than the attempted assassination, the escape of the Czar, and the seizure of the assassin. The Czar will receive universal congratulations. This is his second escape from assassination.

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS.

PARIS, June 7,—A. M.—The *Moniteur* publishes an official account of the firing at the Imperial carriage, in which the Czar of Russia and Napoleon were seated, and the attempted assassination of the Czar. The statement, which is very short, confirms the report transmitted through the cable yesterday morning. It is stated in the *Moniteur* that the ball struck the head of the horse which carried one of the Imperial grooms in waiting, who was riding at the door of the carriage, and that the weapon burst. The people in the crowd standing near the scene of the attempt arrested the assassin, and the police interfered to save his life, which was threatened by the enraged populace. The man says his name is Beregouski, and that he is a native of Volhynia. *Le Droit*, in its issue, confirms the statement that the pistol burst, and says the assassin is a Polish mechanic, and that he purchased a double-barrelled pistol in the city on Wednesday, June 5. The newspapers also states that his motive appears to have originated from personal hatred to the Czar, directed by political passion. It is believed that the assassin had no accomplices.

PARIS, June 7.—P. M.—The *Gazette des Tribunaux* says that the groom in waiting, who was riding by the door of the Imperial carriage, observed the menacing movement of the man in the crowd, and instantly caused his horse to bound a little forward, so as to place him directly between the assassin and the sovereigns. The ball passed through the space formed between Napoleon and one of the Grand Dukes, son of the Czar, wounding a lady who was standing opposite to see the cortege pass. The blood from the head of the groom's horse spirted on the uniforms of the imperial party. The man attempted to fire a second shot, but this discharge burst the second barrel of his pistol. At this moment shouts of "*Vive l' Empereur!*" and *Vive le Czar!*" went up from the crowd. The man immediately on his arrest said he came from Belgium two days since with the intention and for the purpose of killing the Czar. The Paris *Siecle*, in its account of the affair, says that the man himself states that he had no accomplices. The press of Paris is unanimous in its condemnation of the murderous attempt.

PARIS, June 7.—Evening.—It is said that after the attempt upon the life of the Emperor of Russia, Napoleon, turning to the Czar and smiling said: "Sire, we have been under fire together." The Czar replied: "Our destinies are in the hands of Providence." A letter, signed by several Poles, expressing the sorrow and reprobation that the dastardly act inspires in the minds of all Poles, and a similar letter from General Samoyski, have been published. Some of the Czar's suite have advised his return at once to Russia, but he said he would not. The assassin was examined to-day.—He spoke with coolness, and gave his history. He is a Pole, an instrument maker, and has lived latterly on his savings and on money given to the Polish refugees. He was asked, "How could you fire at a sovereign, the guest of France, who nourished you?" He replied with tears, "True, I committed a great crime toward France."

"But you ran the risk of killing Napoleon."

To this the prisoner answered "No; a Polish bullet could not go astray. It must go straight when aimed at the Czar. I wished to relieve the world of the Czar and the Czar of the remorse which must weigh upon him."

The prisoner showed no sorrow for the crime he had attempted to commit, and only expressed regret at his failure. The grand review was the most brilliant ever witnessed in France. Over 80,000 infantry, cavalry and artillery passed in review. Napoleon was accompanied by the Czar, the king of Prussia, the Crown Prince of Prussia, the Grand Duke Alexander and Waldimer of Russia, the sons of the Czar, together with a large and briliant staff composed of officers from all nations, among them several Americans. The Imperial party arrived on the field at 2 o'clock. The day was pleasant. 400,000 spectators, it is estimated, were present. The toilettes of the ladies were splendid, and the equipages were magnificent. The Empress witnessed the review from the Imperial box at Longchamps. With her were the Grand Duchess Marie of Russia, the Princess Royal Victoria of Prussia, the Prince Imperial and the mother of the Tycoon of Japan. All were in good health and fine spirits. The enthusiasm was intense. Never has Paris witnessed a more magnificent spectacle than was presented at this meeting of the great monarchs of the world.

The sentence of all convicted Fenians has been commuted. Advices from the Continent report a rising against the authority of the Porte in Bulgaria and Servia.

LATER.—Information received from the Island of Crete, confirms the previous reports that the Turks have been everywhere badly defeated, and that the Cretan insurgents have been uniformly successful in every encounter with the forces, which, under the command of Omar Pasha, were intended and expected to speedily crush out and destroy the revolutionists.

Francis Joseph was crowned King of Hungary on the 8th. His intention of granting a universal amnesty to all Austrians who are imprisoned or who have become liable to punishment by political offences committed prior to this coronation, has been authoritatively announced.

European markets are generally heavy.

GENERAL BUTLER ON SOUTHERN LANDS.—The following is an extract from a letter from General Butler, read at a Republican meeting held in Washington, June 6:

"Is it not a self-evident political truth, that where the land is owned in large tracts by the employer, to be tilled by the employee, that there can be no just or true field for the exercise of republican citizenship? It is one of the pressing exigencies of the country, as the very basis of reconstruction, that some plan must be devised by which the lands of the South may be divided among those who shall occupy and till them."

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY IN ALBANY.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 4, 1867.—Hon. L. Harris Hiscock, member of Convention from Syracuse, was murdered at half past eight P. M., by Gen. George W. Cole, also of Syracuse.—Mr. Hiscock was standing in the reception room of Stanwix Hall, smoking a cigar, in company with Patrick Corbett and Moses Summers, when Gen. Cole approaching from the dining-room, and raising his arm placed his pistol against Mr. Hiscock's head and fired, the ball passing through his head after entering the right eye. Mr. Hiscock fell backwards and expired at half past nine o'clock, P. M.

Mr. Summers immediately approached Gen. Cole and caught his arm, asking him, "What does this mean?" Gen. Cole replied, "He has dishonored my wife. He has taken advantage of her." Cole, the murderer, was taken into custody. He gave two pistols to the policeman, and indulged in frantic remarks similar to those above related.

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS OF THE AFFAIR.

ALBANY, June 4, 1867.—The man who shot Hon. L. Harris Hiscock is General Cole, a lumber dealer, of Syracuse, New York. About half past eight Hiscock was standing in the large reception room of the hotel, near the clerk's desk, in his slippers. Cole, who was sitting near by, rose, and approaching Hiscock, made some remark, which was not distinctly overheard by those near by, and immediately thereafter drew a small pistol, and presenting it at his head, fired, the ball entering near the right eye. Hiscock fell back senseless, the wound bleeding profusely. He expired within thirty minutes after the shooting. Cole remarked that Hiscock had been his best friend, but, that while he (Cole) was in the army, where he rose to the grade of general in the cavalry service, he had raped his wife, and added, "I have the evidence now in my pocket." He quietly awaited the coming of the police, and was conveyed to the Third district station-house.

Cole is a tall, fine looking man, as was Hiscock, who was, however, larger and heavier.

ALBANY, June 5.—The murder of last night is still the prominent topic of conversation.—Opinions are divided as to the justification of the act, but among the members of the Convention the sympathy is almost wholly with Mr. Hiscock. His character in the past is said by those who know him best to be free from any stain, nor has rumor ever pointed at him. In the Convention this morning the Hon. Martin J. Townsend, of Troy, characterized the act as an assassination, thought it the duty of the Convention, as the molders and upholders of the law, to call murder by its right name.

Although the prisoner was much excited last evening, he to-day appears cool and collected. He does not regret the act nor his own suffering, but laments the publicity and shame which it must bring upon his wife, whom he describes as a high-spirited woman.

The wife of the prisoner and her brother-in-law, John L. Cuyler, arrived here yesterday afternoon, from Syracuse, at 4½, Mrs. Cole taking room No. 165, and Mr. Cuyler room No. 166 Delavan House. They were on their way to Brooklyn. Dr. Cole arrived at the hotel at 6 o'clock, but from whence was not known to the clerk. The time of the arrival would indicate the New York train. He did not exhibit any excitement. He prefixed the name "Dr. and" before the name of his wife on the register, and called for a double room, the one engaged by his wife being a single one. He subsequently, however, sent word down that the one already secured would answer.

There seems but little doubt that the murder was premeditated. Not only was Cole heavily armed, but one fact which did not transpire at the Coroner's inquest, adds to this belief.—Upon returning to Stanwix Hall on Tuesday evening, after the drawing for seats, Mr. Hiscock found a note for him from a lady, making an appointment to meet him. He mentioned it to a friend, remarking that it was too late to keep the appointment when he received the note. This was less than half an hour previous to the murder, and it is asserted that Mrs. Cole was the writer.

Later developments tend to show that Mrs. Cole came on to Albany to warn Hiscock of her hubsand's intention to kill him, and sent him a note which arrived too late to be of service in making an appointment to meet him.

Frank Hiscock, a brother of the deceased, arrived here early this morning from Syracuse, and with a number of friends will return in the 1.15 P. M. train with the remains, which have been packed in ice. Mrs. Cole telegraphed to San Francisco last night to her husband's brother, the United States Senator from California. This morning she visited her husband in jail. Between 9 and 10 o'clock Gen. Cole sent for ex-Lieutenant-Governor Sanford E. Church and William J. Hadley, the well-known criminal lawyer of this city, and they made a brief visit professionally.

June 8, the prisoner was committed to answer the charge of murder.

UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE IN KANSAS.—The history of the movement for universal suffrage in Kansas is briefly as follows: The Legislature, at its last winter's session, submitted two amendments of the State Constitution to the people. The first, to strike the word "white" from the Constitution, passed the Senate by a vote of 17 to 7, and the House by 66 to 15 The second, to strike out the word "male," passed the Senate 17 to 7, and the House by 62 to 20. The effect of this amendment, if adopted by the people of this State, is to give the suffrage to women. On the 2d of April a mass convention assembled at Topeka, organized a State Impartial Suffrage Association, to advocate both amendments. This association has begun a vigorous canvass of the State. Forty five meetings have been held in forty counties. Large audiences have been present, and have almost unanimously expressed themselves in favor of both amendments. That giving the right to vote to women seems to be the more popular of the two. Of the newspapers published in the State, fourteen favor this amendment, five oppose it, and the rest are undecided. Nine mass conventions are advertised for the month of September. Meetings are to be held during the canvass in every voting precinct.—The great body of the Republican party in the State will vote for both amendments. The vote on the amendment takes place on the 6th of November. The friends of the proposed changes believe they will carry the day.

AN effort is being made to secure the pardon of James M. Duncan, who was Commissary of Subsistence at Andersonville prison, while it was under the command of Wirz.—He was tried by military commission in the fall of 1865, and sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment, and is now serving out the time in Fort Pulaski, Georgia. The President will finish the examination of the papers when he returns. The case against Duncan, showing his cruelty and inhumanity, is very strong.

LIEUTENANT GENERAL SHERMAN is concentrating his forces on the stage, telegraph and railroad lines to Denver, Utah and Montana.—The Government has ordered additional troops to Lieutenant General Sherman's department in anticipation of a general Indian war.

SURRATT's trial commenced at Washington on Monday, the counsel on both sides being ready to proceed with the case. It is believed that the prosecution have evidence more than sufficient to convict, and that it is stronger even than that adduced by the Military Commission which tried Mrs. Surratt, Payne, Harold and the rest of the conspirators and assassins.

AN AWFUL DISASTER.

Explosion of a Steam Boiler.

PHILADELPHIA, June 7.

One of the most appalling and heart-rending calamities that has occurred in this city for many years happened yesterday afternoon, about 5¼ o'clock, involving the sacrifice by a horrid death of at least nine human beings, and the destruction of a large amount of property, besides the serious injury of an indefinite number of persons.

The cause of the terrible affair was the explosion of a steam boiler, thereby setting fire to a large steam saw-mill, and leveling in a few moments, the entire structure to the ground.

It occurred in Messrs. Greasy & Ward's steam saw-mill which is situated between Tenth and Eleventh and Sansom and Medical streets. The building fronts on Samson street, and runs back to Medical street, a small street about half way between Walnut and Sansom streets. That portion of the mill fronting on Sansom street is a two-story brick structure used as a storage place and for office purposes. Directly to the rear of this building is a sort of basement, in which were located two boilers used for the purpose of supplying steam to the saw-mill. To the rear again of those boilers was a five-story brick building used as the saw-mill and occupied in every part, except the fourth story, by Messrs. Greasy & Ward, the fourth story being used by Miller & Co., who were were engaged in preparing blocks for calico printing. The fifth story or main building belonged to the Graham estate.

It appears that about four o'clock yesterday afternoon the engine ceased working, and the engineer went to King's Machine shop, to obtain the necessary material to pack the cylinder. Over an hour was spent in this packing process, and the engine was again started. The engineer made some remarks to the fireman, about the engine, when the latter said the engine was going with only a pound of steam on. A few moments after this the boiler exploded with terrific effect, creating such a report that it could be distinctly heard for squares around. So violent was the explosion that the boiler was rent from end to end and completely destroyed. The force of the explosion broke down the northern wall of the five-story building and in a few moments the entire structure was a heap of ruins and a mass of flames. Just before the building fell, flames were seen issuing from the third floor. Immense flames of black smoke arose and enveloped not only the entire building but the immediate neighborhood.

At the time of the catastrophe there were about thirty workmen engaged in the building, all of whom were precipitated into the chaotic mass caused by the explosion, and with not a moment's warning to effect an escape. It is impossible to tell at present exactly how many were killed or wounded, but ten bodies were taken out of the ruins during last night, and the search continued by the noble firemen all night.

SEARCH FOR THE BODIES.

The firemen were on the ground with great promptness, and as soon as it became understood that so many human beings were in the burning mass, they labored with the most praiseworthy zeal to rescue the sufferers. The task was attended with great difficulty, for although the fire was got under about seven o'clock, and did not extend to surrounding property, it was only by dint of sawing through joist and removing heavy obstructions that the bodies, some of which could be seen and others heard, could be got at.

During the early part of the evening enough progress had been made in clearing away the *debris* to reach some of the dead bodies, although one dead body and some three or four persons who were seriously injured were got out while the fire was raging.

LATER.—Up to Saturday evening, 22 dead bodies were taken from the ruins, and 8 persons are still missing. Seven were wounded.

A CROMWELL IN COLOMBIA.—The United States of Colombia appear to be in a very unsettled and unsatisfactory condition. MOSQUERA, the President, cannot agree with the Congress, and he has taken the usual South American remedy for his troubles, by overthrowing the Congres, putting the members under arrest, and declaring himself Dictator. He has declared the Republic to be in a state of war; that the Senators and Representatives are traitors to the country, and he has reconstituted the Supreme Court so as to suit his own views. Whilst doing all which upsets the authority of the States in the central government, he has issued an address to the officers of those States, assuring them that he will preserve peace and secure their rights.—That much being promised, he invites them to elect new Senators and Congressmen, to help him to carry the Government in his own style. The States have not yet responded; but inasmuch as their members in the Colombian Congress have been violently deprived of their franchises, it is not likely that there will be any marked enthusiasm in favor of obedience to the command. A war between the States and the Federal Government seems inevitable; and, in that case, as the Federal Government cannot be sustained without the support of the States, the prospect does not seem very promising for the Dictator.—*Phil. Inquirer.*

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.—The Directors of the Western Union Telegraph Company, at a meeting held in New York on the 15th ult., unanimously resolved to accept the provisions of the National Telegraph law, passed by Congress, and directed that the necessary notices be filed with the Postmaster-General immediately.—By this action the Government will acquire the right to purchase the company's lines and property at a valuation by commissioners chosen, two by the company, two by the United States, and one by the other four, whenever Congress shall decide to make the telegraph a part of the postal system. The Company also acquire the right to build and maintain their lines along all the railroads and highways in the United States which have been or shall hereafter be declared to be post roads, and over all the public lands without charge.

[Communicated.

THE GLORIOUS FOURTH.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Are the people of Adams county aware that the Fourth of July is coming on? It is so many years since we have had what could be called a celebration of this day, that we have almost forgotten it has a place in our calendar. These things ought not to be. The lethargy and indifference of past years should be shaken off, and the approaching anniversary of our National Independence be observed and celebrated by the people of Gettysburg and country.—Let us have a general celebration in which all can participate. What is needed is for a few leading citizens to consult about the matter and act upon it. The Fourth of July is a day that ought to be kept sacred in every American heart. Let the glorious anniversary be ushered in with *feu de joies* and glad peals of bells, the firing of cannon and general rejoicing. Let us celebrate the Fourth in the good old way. '76.

PHOTOGRAPHS made at SHAEFFER'S New Gallery, at Hanover, are all warranted to give entire satisfaction—never to fade or turn yellow, and made in a superior style of workmanship. Give him a trial.

June 5.—4t

☞ P. T. BARNUM'S patent *Elastic Strap and Buckle, for Pants, Vests and Drawers*, (a neat and desirable article,) can be had at FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS. 1t.

Local Items.

PERSONAL.—Gen. GRANT'S invitation to visit Gettysburg, is from the Board of Directors of the National Cemetery Association.—Governor GEARY is also expected at the same time—the 20th inst., not the 19th as we mentioned last week.

Among the distinguished visitors here this week were Hon. ALEX. H. RICE of Boston, for eight years a Representative in Congress, and recently Chairman of the Naval Committee, &c.; and Gustavus V. Fox, lately Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

GEORGE W. CHILDS, Esq., is to give a dinner at the Continental Hotel, Philadelphia, on 20th inst., on the occasion of the formal opening of the new Ledger Printing Office, said to be the finest Printing Building in the world.

GEORGE ALFRED TOWNSEND looked in on us, for a day. He is making a tour of the battle-fields of the war, having been engaged to prepare a series of articles on them for the *N. Y. Tribune*. He made a thorough examination of the field, and will doubtless prepare an agreeable and valuable article. He is one of our most brilliant young men.

☞ Mr. F. N. W. BOWERS was the Representative of York Springs Lodge at the recent session of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., in Philadelphia—not H. C. PETERS, as announced last week. We were misled by the announcement of one of the city papers.

IMPROVEMENTS IN NEW OXFORD.—Mr. JOHN BARNITZ has a new house under roof, and Mr. ZOUCK has a house ready for the roof. Mr. STIDLER has a new house partly up, and several other houses are about being finished.

☞ Messrs. Evans & Watson, of Philadelphia, have sent to the National Orphans' Homestead, a donation of a fire-proof Safe for the use of the Homestead. The safe has arrived and is in use, and is a very opportune gift.

☞ The Beater Press Hay Company of this County had 2,000 tons of hay burnt in the destruction of CHARLES W. SLAGLE & Co.'s Warehouse in Baltimore, one day last week. This hay was packed, most of it, by Mr. JOHN HEAGY of New Oxford.

PIC-NIC.—The proposed Pic-Nic at Cashtown Springs on Saturday, June 22d, promises to be a pleasant and popular affair. It is in the hands of an active and efficient committee: S. P. Stover, H. F. Heiges, Wm. Biesecker, H. Brough, E. Sheely, S. A. Lauver.—2t*

ST. JAMES CHURCH.—The repairs on this Church have been finished, and reflect great credit upon the taste and fidelity of the Committee in charge. The Church will be re-opened next Sunday. Rev. D. A. KUNKLEMAN of Chambersburg, and other ministers will assist the Pastor. The renting of pews will be deferred until Saturday a week.

MEMORIAL CHURCH MEETING.—We are informed that there will be, on the 20th, a meeting for the organization of an Auxiliary Society for the erection of the Memorial Church in Gettysburg. General GRANT and General GEARY, who will be in town on that day, are expected to be present. Rev. B. H. CREVER will deliver an address.

LATIMORE TOWNSHIP NEWS.—A subscriber has given us information of the following improvements in Latimore, made or intended: Christian Kauffman is building a large Bank Barn on his farm; Col. John Wolford has just finished one, and has thoroughly repaired his buildings; Daniel Harbolt has put an addition to his barn; Anthony K. Myers is preparing to put up a large brick dwelling; Aaron Leas is completing a handsome house, to be done August 1; and T. Bowers has built a fine mill.

☞ The York *Press* states that the Commissioners named in the act incorporating the Caledonia Iron, Land, and Railroad Company, met at Caledonia Iron Works, on Thursday, 16th ult., and organized by electing Levi Kauffman, Esq., of Mechanicsburg, as President; Daniel V. Ahl, Esq., of Newville, as Treasurer; and Gen. Joseph W. Fisher, of Columbia, as Secretary. Great efforts are being made to construct this road through the upper end of York county, and with much prospect of success.

RAIL ROAD SURVEYS.—We learn that Jos. S. GITT, Civil Engineer, of great experience in this branch of his profession, completed a location of a Passenger Railway from Baltimore to Pikesville, a distance of about eight miles. Our informant says that this road will be put under contract very soon.

We stated a few weeks ago that Mr. GITT made a survey of the Frederick and Penna. Line Rail Road from Littlestown to Frederick, and that he is shortly to take charge of a surveying party and make an examination and survey from Frederick City, Md., to Williamsport, Md.—crossing the mountain.

☞ The Homeopathic Medical Society of Pennsylvania, had its annual session last week in Philadelphia, when an address of welcome was made by Dr. Bushrod W. James. A large number of physicians were proposed for membership and afterwards elected. After the transaction of the ordinary routine of business, officers were chosen for the ensuing year: Dr. W. Williamson, of Philadelphia, was chosen President; Dr. J. H. Marsden of York Springs is first Vice President. Dr. R. Ross Roberts of Harrisburg, is one of the Censors. Among the reports on scientific subjects made, was one by Dr. Marsden, on Obstetrics. A similar Convention has been in session in New York.

SCHOOL BOARD.—The Board of Directors of Gettysburg School District, met on Monday evening. The vacancy in the Board, occasioned by death of J. T. McILHENNY, was filled by appointing A. J. COVER, Esq., Director until next election. The Board organized by election of following officers, viz:

President—A. J. Cover.
Secretary—J. F. McCreary.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.

JEREMIAH CULP was appointed Collector, and JOHN GEISELMAN Janitor. The salaries of Teachers were fixed the same as last year—Schools to re-open September 1, and continue 9 months. The examination and election of Teachers will take place Monday, July 8.

STEVENS HALL.—The contract for the erection of this new Building, the Preparatory Department of the College, has been signed, and work will be begun at once. It will be a three-story brick, 63 feet by 55, and will cost $18,377. The corner-stone will be laid on the 7th or 8th of August, and the building is to be roofed and closed before winter, and finished by the 1st of July, 1868. Capt. John R. Turner, of Carlisle, favorably known to our community as the contractor for building the Court House, has the contract for this important work, at the price bid by Mr. McCoy, of Chambersburg, who was prevented, by other arrangements entered into subsequently to bidding, from taking the job.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday afternoon last, about two o'clock, Mr. Hamilton Myers, of Huntington township, brother-in-law of Mr. Daniel Trimmer, of this place, met with a fatal accident near York Springs. By a sudden jolt, he was thrown from his wagon, loaded with lime, and before his son, James, who was driving the team, could stop it, one of the hind wheels passed over his body. Dr. A. B. Dill was at once called, but all efforts to save his life were in vain. Mr. M. died at 2 o'clock next morning, twelve hours after the accident.—He leaves a wife and ten children to mourn his sudden death. His remains were interred at Lower Bermudian Church, on Friday afternoon, attended by a large concourse of mourning relatives and friends.

EVER-GREEN CEMETERY. We mentioned last week that at the meeting of the Lotholders of the Cemetery, the old Board were re-elected without opposition. HENRY COMFORT, Esq., was President of the meeting, and Capt. A. M. HUNTER Secretary.

The Report of the operations of last year was read and is as follows:

THE ANNUAL REPORT.

During the past year the Board of Managers have made an effort to reduce the debt of the Association, by soliciting the surrender of Stock, and also subscriptions by Lotholders payable either in money or by the surrender of notes heretofore given by the Association, to holders of Stock in exchange for their certificates, as also notes given to the several Congregations in lieu of their stock subscribed, with a view to a provision for the burial of their poor.

We are pleased to be able to report, that we have met with very good success, and that we feel satisfied that more time being devoted to the enterprise, much more could be accomplished.

Our effort has, thus far, resulted in securing the surrender to the Association, of notes given in exchange for certificates of Stock, and also of original certificates of Stock, amounting together to $741.23, and of obtaining subscriptions to amount of $404.56, making a total of $1,145.79, which deducted from the aggregate amount of debt reported last year $2,957.62, with the interest since accrued making $3,135.07 reduces the debt to $1,989.28 and in addition to the above 6 Shares of Stock have been surrendered in the purchase of lots amounting with interest to $91.70.

The Board have an earnest conviction that the surviving friends of those who are interred in our Cemetery, should not permit that sacred ground to remain longer incumbered by a debt, but should at once resolve by a united effort to liquidate and extinguish the indebtedness.

It is wholly impracticable to accomplish this from the funds to be obtained from the sale of lots.

By reference to the books it appears that the entire receipts, both from sales of lots and from permits for interments, have been hardly sufficient to pay current annual expenses.

The Board therefore encouraged by their past success, are hopeful that the consummation so much to be desired, needs only a little more active work and earnest co-operation of all those who are interested in the preservation and success of Ever-Green Cemetery, in order to wholly extinguish the debt, and cancel the Stock. This done and thus relieved from the payment of interest, a fund will at once begin to accumulate, to be applied to improving the grounds, and furnish new enclosures.

J. L. SCHICK,
President.
June 1, 1867.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

To the President, Officers and Managers of Ever Green Cemetery Association:

We the undersigned, appointed a committee to audit the books of A. COBEAN, Treasurer, beg leave to report that we find them correct as follows, to wit:

Mr. A. COBEAN DR.		
To Amount rec'd from former Treas., E. G. Fahnestock, July 2nd, 1866	$ 19 06	
Lots sold during the year ending May 31st, 1867	347 00	
Permits	88 50	
Borowed	150 00	
		$604 56
CR.		
By note paid John Hartman	$126 30	
Interest paid on funded debt, &c.	33 63	
Repairs of Pump, (McDonald)	2 00	
E. Stock & Bro., Repairs of Building	65 81	
Old Bill of Fahnestock Bros.	20 00	
Paid Peter Thorne, Gate Keeper	$200 00	
Certificates of Stock redeemed by Lots	94 00	
Balance due the Association	62 22	
		$604 56
In hands of Treasurer		$62 22

Respectfully submitted,
WM. B. MEALS,
JOHN RUPP,
Gettysburg, May 31, 1867. Committee.

The results of the year's business have been very encouraging and satisfactory, and give promise of the early payment of the entire indebtedness of the Association. We understand that the Board intend to prosecute this work with increased energy, and we bespeak for them a liberal and generous response from the community, all of whom are interested in placing this public enterprize beyond the reach of difficulties and debt.

We understand that it is in contemplation to advance the price of lots to $15, the present price being $12. Those thinking of purchasing should take advantage of existing rates.

McPHERSON'S POLITICAL MANUAL.—We have received from Mr. A. D. BUEHLER, a copy of the Political Manual for 1867 prepared by our colleague, Hon. EDWARD McPHERSON. This Manual is a continuation of that of last year, which attracted so much attention, and met with an unprecedentedly large sale. It contains a classified summary of the important Executive, Legislative, Judicial, and Politico-Military facts of the period from July 4, 1866 to April 1, 1867, and, with the former work, covers the entire period of President Johnson's administration. The Manual is an acknowledged authority among politicians being an impartial compilation of important messages, speeches, votes &c., carefully arranged and indexed, and should be in the hands of every person taking an interest in public affairs. For sale at BUEHLER'S Book Store—$1 per copy.

☞ Every Soldier in the Pennsylvania Reserves remembers Captain HENRY J. BIDDLE, Assistant Adjutant General on General McCALL'S Staff. He died in Richmond in hospital, of wounds received in one of the battle of 1862, leaving behind him a reputation for every virtue which distinguishes the best types of soldierly character. We observe that his widow has recently endowed, at Charlotte, N. Carolina, a School for the training of preachers and catechists of the African race; and that the School has been named THE HENRY J. BIDDLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE. The School is to be opened within two months, and will be a perennial fountain of good influences. Mrs. BIDDLE who has thus identified her own and her husband's name with a noble charity, was formerly a Miss BAIRD of Carlisle.

Apprentice Wanted.

A boy of about 15 to 18 years of age, of good habits, fair intelligence, who desires to learn the Printing business, can get a place by applying at once at this Office.

NOTICE.

The "*Sentinel*" Books having been closed, a settlement of the accounts is expected.—I therefore, ask of all those indebted to me for subscription, advertising, &c., to call with me and arrange a settlement of their accounts.—My books are at the old office of the *Sentinel*.

R. G. HARPER.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.-tf

PAY UP!

The death of Mr. McILHENNY, and change in the Proprietorship of the *Star*, renders it necessary that all arrearages for subscription, advertising and job work, be closed up, without unnecessary delay. Each subscriber can ascertain the amount of indebtedness on subscription, by reference to the printed slip, indicating the date to which he has paid. Parties knowing themselves indebted will please forward at once the amount due to the undersigned.

D. A. BUEHLER,
Administrator of Estate of J. T. McIlhenny.

NEW BAGGAGE LAW.—The new law regulating the amount of baggage each passenger on the Pennsylvania railroads shall be allowed to carry, which was passed at the last session of the Legislature, is now in force. It provides that each passenger shall be entitled to carry one trunk or box, not exceeding one hundred pounds in weight; that when baggage shall be lost and damages claimed, a sum not exceeding three hundred dollars shall be allowed for each trunk or box together with its contents; that if any person wishes to carry more weight or greater value of baggage than this, he or she must have the trunk or box weighed by the baggage agent before starting, disclose the value that will be claimed in case of loss, and pay extra for excess as may be required by the particular railroad company.

The Star and Sentinel.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

Bedford.

EX-SHERIFF Mullin, formerly a State Senator, died recently. Also, William T. Ralston, aged 102 years and eight months. He was a faithful soldier of the war of 1812.

Carroll.

A Gas-light company and a Building Association are in process of formation in Westminster.

Cumberland.

PETER A. KELLER, rejected for Collector of Internal Revenue, has been appointed an Inspector of National Banks by the Treasury Department.

ST. PATRICK'S Church, Carlisle, contributed $150.90 to the Offering to the Pope.

THE Twelfth Agriculture Fair will be held in Carlisle, Oct. 1, 2, 3 and 4.

THERE will be a Festival on the 4th of July on the Fair Grounds in Carlisle, the proceeds to go to the erection of the Soldiers' Monument.

Dauphin.

THE Pennsylvania Steel Works, converting molten iron into steel in 30 minutes, by the Bessemer process, are in active operation.—The steel, as produced at these works is remarkable for its toughness. It is eminently adapted for rails. The rails which have been manufactured from it have been shown, by careful experiment, to wear twenty-four times as long as iron rails, while they cost but twice as much.

There are from twenty-eight to thirty men employed at the works, the larger portion in the converting room, and others in breaking pig iron and the removal of the ingots from the moulds.

Bessemer steel, as produced at the works will bear 150,000 lbs. per square inch. The very best Pennsylvania bar iron, which is unrivalled in the world, will only carry 56,000 to 60,000 lbs. per square inch. This exhibits fully the advantage of the steel over the iron rail, and the great revolution in economy which is about to be made in the construction and repair of railroads in the United States.

Three million dollars' worth of steel rails, and $750,000 worth of tire for locomotives, were bought in Europe last year for American railroad companies. This material was made out of ore and fuel far inferior to that of which Pennsylvania has hundreds of millions of tons lying in her mountains, only requiring the same energy and skill displayed by the Pennsylvania steel company to develop and manufacture. But free trade now confronts this enterprise, and the people are asked, instead of patronizing home industry, to support the foreign producer at the expense of the home manufacturer. An immense rolling mill to operate in connection with the Steel Works, is now in course of erection.

A SOLDIERS' Monument has been erected at Hummelstown, and was dedicated last Monday. It is twenty-three feet high.

Franklin.

THE Chambersburg Woolen Factory employs from eighty to one hundred hands, has the finest machinery, and turns out first-class goods. It has recently made a semi-annual dividend of four per cent.

THE repair of the roads in Washington township, is sold by the authorities of the township, by public sale, to the lowest and best bidder.

REV. J. Agnew Crawford has received a call from the Presbyterian congregation in Chambersburg.

A LODGE of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows has been instituted at Orrstown, making the sixth in the county.

CHRIST Church, Chambersburg, contributed $210 to the Offering to the Pope.

Frederick.

About $23,000 have been subscribed to the stock of the Frederick and Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Lancaster.

THE Columbia *Spy* understands that a Mr. Campbell of Northumberland, has the contract for re-building the Columbia Bridge.

MAJOR Elwood Griest, present County Treasurer, has become editor of the Lancaster *Inquirer*, an enterprising and excellent paper. We welcome the Major to editorial labor and responsibility.

JAMES K. Alexander, Esq., late U. S. Assessor, died on the 1st inst., of disease of the heart, in his 33rd year.

Perry.

Two thousand dollars in greenbacks were stolen on Saturday night, June 1, in Duncannon, Perry county, from a man named Smith. Also, a purse of different kinds of coin, from a dollar down to half a dime or cent. It is supposed that an Englishman who had been "bobbing around" Duncannon for some time is the thief. A reward of $400 is offered for the arrest of the robber. The above named Englishman is a short, chunky man, with light hair, and a mark above his eye-brow, and has an impediment in his speech.

Washington.

THE new Rose Hill Cemetery, in Hagerstown, is approaching completion, and will be a very beautiful spot.

A LARGE Woolen Factory is about being established by a stock company, at Funkstown.

CAPT. George Shryock, of Hagerstown, aged 84 years, has in his possession, a commission which was given by Gen. Washington to his father-in-law, Capt. Wm. Lewis, of 1st regiment of Levies in the service of the U. S. It is dated Philadelphia, March 19, 1791, and bears the autographs of Gen. Washington, and Gen. Knox then Secretary of War. It is a very valuable relic.

THE proprietors of the Hagerstown *Mail*, and other parties, have brought suits to recover damages suffered in May, 1862, by a mob.

B. F. M. HURLEY, Esq., of Hagerstown, has been appointed Register of Bankruptcy for the 4th Congressional district.

THE Washington County National Bank of Williamsport has declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent.

York.

HENRY D. SCHMIDT, late Cashier of the First National Bank, has been elected President in place of Eli Lewis, deceased; and Daniel Bastress, a clerk, has been elected Cashier.

THE Slateville Presbyterian congregation have contracted with Wm. Ramsey & Co., for the erection of a new church, 45 by 70 feet, for $6,500 and the material in the old church.

THE citizens of Dillsburg are trying to attract through that neighborhood, a proposed railroad from Newville to the Caledonia Iron Works. To this end, several public meetings have been held, and committees appointed.

Two men, giving their names as Henry Smith and John Adams, were arrested week before last in Carroll county, having in possession two horses stolen from farmers living in the lower end of York county. They are now in jail at York.

THE formation of a Gas-light company is about to be agitated in Hanover.

THE following persons have been recently elected Directors of the Hanover Saving Fund Society: Henry A. Young, George Slagle, Joseph E. Cremer, Jacob Forry, Edward Bair, David Wertz, David M. Myers, Martin Lohr and Jacob Wirt.

SAMUEL SMALL, Esq., offers to give a lot of ground and $5,000 towards the erection of a Normal School building in York.

THE stockholders of the Wrightsville Iron Company are paying the third instalment, 20 per cent of the capital.

EACH day seems to bring out some successive development of rascality in connection with the New Orleans swindle. It appears now that Cuthbert Bullitt, late United States Marshal, has had for two years past $250,000 of the proceeds of the cargo of the Grey Jacket in his possession. He has been using this money in New York, but recently ordered it into the First National Bank, New Orleans, where it was when the bank closed. The case of the Grey Jacket has been recently decided by the United States Supreme Court in favor of the Government, and Mr. Bullitt has been ruled into Court for not paying over the money. Of course the Government will lose the amount. As usual, his sureties are worthless. Long live the Administration of Andy Johnson!

Review of the Markets.

GETTYSBURG GRAIN AND PROVISION MARKET.

Gettysburg, Wednesday Morning.

Super Flour	$12 00@13 25	Apples	$0 00@0 00
Extra Flour	13 50@14 00	Potatoes	60@ 70
Rye Flour	7 00@ 8 00	Butter	30
White Wheat	2 50@ 2 60	Lard	12
Red Wheat	2 60@ 2 80	Eggs	14
Corn	90	Bacon, Hams	16@ 18
Rye	1 15	" Sides	11
Oats	60	" shoulders	11
Buckwheat	80	Peaches	10@ 20
Timothy Seed	2 50	Cherries	2 00
Clover Seed	6 00	Apples	6
Flax Seed	2 25	Blackberries	12
Plaster Paris	17 50	Soap	6@ 7
Hay per ton	16 00@18 00	Tallow	10

BALTIMORE PRODUCE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, *Monday Morning.*

BREADSTUFFS.—About the same degree of dullness noted on Saturday continues to pervade the market. We note transactions as follows:

FLOUR.—Holders appear to be rather more confident, and manifest less disposition to press sales, but as there is very little inquiry from buyers, the market can scarcely be regarded as improved. We hear of no sales of moment, and continue our list of prices as follows: Howard Street Super and Cut Extra $10 25@11 75; Standard Extra 12 50@13 50; High Grade $13 75@$14 50; Family $15 50@$16 50. Rye Flour $8 12½@$8 25; Corn Meal $5 25.

GRAIN.—Wheat—There is no demand for Wheat, and the market remains flat. Receipts only 200 bushels red. No sales reported on the books, but we hear of a sale of good Maryland red Wheat having been made at 230 cents. Corn—Receipts 10,575 bushels white and 6,808 bushels yellow. With a somewhat better demand, holders were firmer, and prices obtained for white were mostly 2 cents better than on Saturday. Sales were as follows: White, 103@106 cents. Yellow 110@111 cents. Oats are dull, and the market has a declining tendency. Receipts 2,884 bushels. Sales at 78@80 cents.

PROVISIONS.—There is no change to note in the market. Sales are confined to small job lots at about former rates. Bulk Shoulders and rib Sides continue scarce and in fair request. We quote as follows: Bulk Shoulders 9¾@9¾ cents; rib Sides 10¾@11 cents, outside figure for packed. Bacon 10@10½ cents for city smoked Shoulders; 12@12½ cents for do. rib Sides, and 12½ cents for do. clear rib. Western Shoulders 9¾ cents; rib Sides 11¾@12 cents, and clear rib 12½ cents. Mess Pork is steady at $23 75. Lard is quiet at 13¼@13½ cents for Western, and 13 cents for City.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Monday Morning.

The money market is working easier. The demand on call is easily met at 6@7 per cent; Gold closed firm at 137¼; Governments firm; Stocks buoyant and closing quotations were the highest of the day. The imports of specie during the past week amounted to $260,000.

MARRIED.

DEARDORFF—CHRISMER.—On the 4th inst., by Rev. J. A. Boll, Mr. Isaac Deardorff, of Cumberland township, to Mrs. Margaret Chrismer, of Gettysburg.

HODGES—COBEAN.—On the 15th of April last, in Galesburg, by the Rev. Geo. N. Johnson, Mr. John Hodges, of Knox co., Ill., to Miss Nancy Ellen, eldest daughter of Col. Robt. Cobean, of Council Bluffs, Iowa, formerly of this county.

SCHAEFFER—McKNIGHT.—On Thursday, May 30, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. C. F. Schaeffer, D. D., of Philadelphia, assisted by the Rev. J. Fry, Charles H. Schaeffer, to Amelia M., daughter of D. McKnight, Esq., both of Reading.

TATE—WILLARD.—On the 16th ult., by Rev. E. Breidenbaugh, Mr. John M. Tate, to Fanny T. Willard, all of this place.

TROSTLE—YOUNT.—On Thursday last, by Rev. Mr. Breidenbaugh, Mr. Abraham Trostle, of York Springs, to Mrs. Lydia Yount, of Gettysburg.

DIED.

Obituary notices 3 cents a line for all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notice.

BARNITZ.—On the 22nd ult., in Hanover, Mrs. Rebecca Barnitz, aged 73 years, 3 mos., and 5 days.

BLACK.—On the 3rd instant, in Menallen township, Josephine Virginia, only daughter of Tabitha C. Black, aged 3 years 2 months and 4 days.

BURKEE.—On the 21st ult., in McSherrystown, Miss Elizabeth Burkee, aged 54 years.

CHAMBERLIN.—In Macomb, Ill., on the morning of the 26th of May, of Tonseletus, Fanny Bell, only daughter of Isaac G., and Mary Jane Chamberlin, formerly of Adams county, Pa., aged 3 years, 6 months and 20 days.

FIDLER.—In the vicinity of Benders' Church, on the 1st inst., Mr. Daniel Fidler, aged 56 years, 1 month and 13 days.

KING.—On Wednesday last, Jacob David, infant son of George and R. S. M. King of Hunterstown, aged 6 weeks and 1 day.

MICKLEY.—On Tuesday the 4th, Mr. Daniel Mickley, of Franklin township aged about 50 years.

SHULTZ.—On the 27th ult., at the Alms House, Margaret Shultz, at an advanced age.

Special Notices.

SPLENDID PRIZES IN GREENBACKS.

Over $5,000 in Greenbacks; $10,000 in Sewing Machines; $900 in Washing Machines; a vast amount of Hoop Skirts, Albums, Books, Gold Pens, Pencils, Lockets, &c., &c., to be distributed to the subscribers and purchasers of the "HOME AMUSEMENT." Every yearly subscriber gets twenty-four tickets, drawing from $5 to $100 each in Greenbacks. Canvassing Agents clear from 10 to $15 per day raising clubs. Sample copies with a prize ticket and full directions and instructions to Agents, sent by mail, by inclosing ten cents, addressed to the HOME AMUSEMENT, 78 Nassau street, New York.

Male and Female Canvassing Agents wanted in every town and neighborhood in the United States.

June 12.-4t

SOME OF OUR COTEMPORARIES seem to think that the triumph of their cause depended, like the fate of Jericho upon the amount of noise made. In these days of refinement and luxury, an article of real intrinsic merit is soon appreciated; hence the unbounded and unparalleled success of PLANTATION BITTERS.

This remedy has ever and always been found reliable. As a gentle stimulant and tonic appetizer it cannot be excelled. It is no doubt a sovereign remedy for stomachic disorders—for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and in stimulating a healthy appetite.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price. [June 12.-2t

WILD CHERRY BALSAM.—The memory of Dr. Wistar is embalmed in the hearts of thousands, whom his *Balsam of Wild Cherry* has cured of Coughs, Colds, Consumption, or some other form of Pulmonary disease. It is now over forty years since this preparation was brought before the public, and yet the demand for it is constantly increasing. [June 12.-1t

NO 1.
SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC.

This medicine, invented by Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, of Philadelphia, is intended to dissolve the food and make it into chyme, the first process of digestion. By cleaning the stomach with Schenck's Mandrake Pills, the Tonic soon restores the appetite, and food that could not be eaten before using it will be easily digested.

Consumption cannot be cured by Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup unless the stomach and liver is made healthy and the appetite restored, hence the Tonic and Pills are required in nearly every case of consumption. A half dozen bottles of the SEAWEED TONIC and three or four boxes of the MANDRAKE PILLS will cure any ordinary case of dyspepsia.

Dr. Schenck makes professional visits in New York, Boston, and at his principal Office in Philadelphia every week. See daily papers of each place, or his pamphlet, on consumption for his days for visitation.

Please observe, when purchasing, that the two likenesses of the Doctor, one when in the last stage of consumption, and the other as he now is, in perfect health are on the Government stamp.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers, price $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 the half dozen. All letters for advice should be addressed to Dr. Schenck's Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents: Demas Barnes & Co., N. Y. S. S. Hance, Baltimore, Md.; John D. Parke, Cincinnati Ohio; Walker & Taylor, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Bros., St Louis, Mo. [Oct. 18, 1866.-wemly.

A YOUNG LADY

returning to her country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the City, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any Lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentleman can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be, clear, soft smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order by

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y.

The only American Agents for the sale of the same.
Feb. 28, 1867.-1y

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the Great Diuretic.
HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
Is the Great Blood Purifier.

Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made.
Feb. 28, 1867.-1y

Special Notices.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

This remedy has long been cherished by the community for its remarkable efficacy in relieving, healing and curing the most obstinate, painful and long-standing cases of *Cough, Cold, Influenza, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Inflammation of the Lungs;* while even *Consumption* itself has yielded to its magic influence when all other means have failed. Its whole history proves that the past has produced no remedy of equal value, as a cure for the numerous and dangerous pulmonary affections which prevail all over the land.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY.

From ANDREW ARCHER, Esq., of Fairfield, Me.

"About eight years since my son, Henry A. Archer, now Postmaster at Fairfield, Somerset County, Me., was attacked with spitting of blood, cough, weakness of Lungs, and general debility, so much so that our family physician declared him to have a "SEATED CONSUMPTION." He was under medical treatment for a number of months, but received no benefit from it. At length, from the solicitation of himself and others, I was induced to purchase *one bottle* of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which benefitted him so much I obtained another bottle, which in a short time restored him to his usual state of health. I think I can safely recommend this remedy to others in like condition, for it is, I think, all it purports to be—THE GREAT LUNG REMEDY FOR THE TIMES! The above statement, gentlemen, is my *voluntary* offering to you in favor of your Balsam, and is at your disposal."

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont st., Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally.
June 5, 1867.—1m

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE.

AMESBURY, Mass., Oct. 13, 1867.

Mr. Grace—Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted grievously for several weeks with a severe abscess upon my side. I used several remedies for its eradication without receiving any relief, until I applied your salve, which effected a speedy and permanent cure. I therefore feel happy to certify my confidence in its virtues.

Yours with respect,
JAMES BEAN.

I certify to the truthfulness of the above statement.
H. S. DEARBORN, M. D.

SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston, Proprietors.
Sold by all Druggists, at 25 cts. a box. By mail 35 cts.
June 5, 1867.—1m

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, and all Throat and Lung Affections The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.
June 5, 1867.—1y

P. T. BARNUM'S (patent) ELASTIC STRAP AND BUCKLE for Pants, Vests and Drawers is a little invention which will commend itself to every gentleman who desires good fitting clothes without feeling restrained in his movements, and to persons who tear the straps and buckles from their garments it will be worth double the cost. These straps are very durable, neat, and of a variety of styles, colors and prices, to suit all. An agency for the sale of them here would be very profitable. See advertisement. 1t

COLGATE & CO'S ERASIVE SOAP.

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN *ERASIVE SOAP.*
Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers. [May 16, 1867.—1y

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. [Feb. 28, 1867.-1y

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY, and all diseases of the URINARY ORGANS, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the HEALTH AND HAPPINESS, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by
H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th st., Philadelphia, Pa.
Feb. 28, 1867.-1y

KNOW THY DESTINY.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 223, Hudson, New York. [Feb. 28, 1867.-1y

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash.
Feb. 28, 1867.-1y

New Advertisements.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received for remodeling the Church School House in Highland township, Adams county, up to Saturday, the 29th of June, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at which time and place there will be a meeting of the Board of School Directors to contract for the same.
By order of the Board of Directors,
June 12.-td. DAVID STEWART, *Pres't.*

NOTICE.

THE School Directors of "Gettysburg School District" will meet on *Monday evening, July 8th,* to elect Teachers for Public Schools of said district. The County Superintendent will examine applicants in the School Building, at 10 o'clock, A. M. of that day. By order of the Board,
June 12.—td J. F. McCREARY, Secretary.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of DANIEL FIDLER, late of Straban township, Adams county, Penna., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
June 12.-6t* GEORGE BOYER, Adm'r.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS,

and other materials for Men's Wear, furnished and made up, to order, on short notice.

SATISFACTION WARRANTED.

Work also solicited from Customers, who purchase their Goods elsewhere.

W. T. KING,
York street, opposite the Bank.
June 12, 1867.—1y

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.

TATE & CULP

Are now building a variety of COACH WORK of the latest and most approved styles, and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care, and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any other in or out of the cities. All we ask is an inspection of our work, to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Give us a call at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg, Pa.
June 12, 1867.—tf

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICES OF

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

AT

J. C. ZOUCK & SON'S,

NEW OXFORD, PENN'A.

We have just returned from the City where we bought a very large and well selected stock of goods suitable in our line under the late decline. Our stock consists in part of Plain all Wool De Laines, Challie De Laines, Callicoes, Plaids, Bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cassimeres, Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans, Linens. A large lot of Ladies' Balmoral Gaiters, plain and tipped Morocco Shoes.

A complete assortment of Groceries at low rates. Hardware such as Tire Iron, Spring, Shear, Blister and Cast Steels, Horse Shoes, Horse Shoe Bar, Nail Rods, Hammered Iron, Nails, Spikes, Shovels, Spades and Forks, Door Locks, Pad Locks, Latches, Hinges, Screws, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Grindstones, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c., China and Queensware by the set.

We invite the public to give us a call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere as we are determined to sell. Thankful for past patronage we hope to merit the same in the future.
June 12, 1867.-3m J. C. ZOUCK & SON.

New Advertisements.

WOMAN'S WORK IN THE CIVIL WAR.

A work of real value, absorbing interest and universal popularity. The press and literary people everywhere commend and endorse it. It records the consecrated work of woman in organized and united effort, and the names of nearly 600 of our country's noblest women, with what they did for humanity and for the nation in its darkest hours. Beautiful steel portraits of a number of these ladies adorn the work and it is acknowledged to be one of the finest works ever published. Clergymen, Teachers, Experienced Agents, and Ladies will find it to their advantage to canvass for this work. Address,

ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO.,
501 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.
June 12, 1867.—2m

FOR SALE, CHEAP,

A REAPER AND MOWER,

OF MANNY'S PATENT—all in good order—with two knives. For terms, &c., inquire of the undersigned, in Cumberland township.
June 12, 1867.–3t* GEORGE CULP.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of DAVID GARDNER, late of Latimore township, Adams county, Penna., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to call and make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN WOLFORD, Executor.
June 12, 1867.-6t*

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has now thoroughly repaired his GRIST AND SAW MILL, known as "McILHENNY'S MILL" on Marsh creek, and is prepared to do GRINDING AND SAWING of every kind at short notice. He solicits the patronage of the neighborhood, and will guarantee satisfaction. Give us a call.
June 12, 1867.-tf GEORGE GINGELL.

WM. C. STALLSMITH,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

CARPENTER & CONTRACTOR,

Keeps constantly on hand and manufactures to order,

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS.

And any other Article in the Building Line.

Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.

Orders promptly attended to.
June 5, 1867.—tf

VALUABLE DWELLING-HOUSE AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber, intending to leave Gettysburg, offers at Private Sale, the HOUSE in which he now resides, in Baltimore street. It has been thoroughly repaired, painted and papered; is furnished with an abundance of soft water, and with gas. The property has a front of Seventy-eight feet on Baltimore st., has a spacious yard, with a number of choice Fruit Trees in it, and a large Barn in the rear of it. Possession given August 15th, 1867.
June 5, 1867.–tf F. A. MUHLENBERG, Jr.

DR. R. HORNER'S

DRUGS, STATIONERY AND NOTIONS,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

His own preparations are all guarantied to answer the purposes intended.

Dr. R. Horner's Anti-Cholera and Diarrhoea mixture, for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

Olein for Chapped Hands.

Fragrant Myrrh, for preserving and beautifying the teeth, and for all diseases of the gums.

His Tonic and Alterative Powders, for Horses and Cattle, are superior to any in the market.

Pure Liquors for medical use. Prescriptions carefully filled.

Medical advice without charge.
June 5, 1867.–tf

FRAMES OF EVERY KIND,

for Large Pictures, Marriage Certificates, Church Certificates, Missionary Certificates, &c., very cheap at
S. G. SHEAFFER'S
New Gallery, Hanover, Pa.
June 5, 1867.—1y

P. T. BARNUM'S (Patent)

ELASTIC STRAP AND BUCKLE,

FOR

PANTS, VESTS and DRAWERS.

This little invention is just out, and as it is no "humbug" is meeting with a rapid sale. It can be applied in a moment to any garment, by any person, causing it to fit perfectly.

Its elasticity prevents tearing the straps and buckles off the clothes, and also allows perfect freedom of the body while working or taking exercise.

For sale by tailors and the trade generally. Send 25 cts. for strap, circulars, terms to agents and the trade, to the
BARNUM E. S. & B. CO.
650 Broadway, New York.

Agents Wanted in every county.
June 5, 1867.—3m

APPEALS.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE TAXES.—Notice is hereby given that Appeals will be received relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations or assessments returned to this office in the annual list of Internal Revenue Taxes for 1867, on *Saturday, the 15th day of June inst.,* at the office of J. C. Neely, in Gettysburg, for persons residing in Adams county.

The lists and assessments will be open to the inspection and examination of all parties interested from 10 o'clock, A. M. until 4 o'clock, P. M., of said day.

All appeals are required to be in writing, and must specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and state the grounds or principle of error complained of.

WM. McSHERRY,
Assessor 16th Dist. Penn'a.
Littlestown, June 5, 1867.-2t

SETTLE UP.

THE books of BIDDLE & STRICKHOUSER have been placed in my hands for collection. All claims not settled by the first of July next, will immediately thereafter be closed by suit.
June 5, 1867.-3t A. J. COVER.

Miscellaneous.

THE GREAT RADICAL NEWSPAPER,

FORNEY'S PRESS.

NO COMPROMISE WITH TRAITORS!

GET THE BEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN THE COUNTRY.

THE PRESS,

A first-class Double-sheet Eight-page paper, containing Forty-eight columns.

Published Every Morning, Southwest corner of SEVENTH and CHESTNUT streets, Philadelphia.

TERMS.

DAILY PRESS.
$8.00 PER ANNUM.
$4.00 FOR SIX MONTHS.
$2.00 FOR THREE MONTHS.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS.
$4.00 PER ANNUM.
$2.00 FOR SIX MONTHS.
$1.00 FOR THREE MONTHS.

THE SUNDAY PRESS.
$2.00 PER ANNUM.
$1.00 FOR SIX MONTHS.

THE WEEKLY PRESS,
THE MOST VALUABLE WEEKLY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

It contains items of interest to every one.

READ THE TERMS.

ONE COPY	$2 00 per annum.
FIVE COPIES	9 00 " "
TEN COPIES	17 50 " "
TWENTY COPIES	33 00 " "

To the getter up of a Club of Ten or more Copies an extra copy will be given.

All orders should be addressed to
JOHN W. FORNEY,
Editor and Proprietor,
S. W. cor. SEVENTH and CHESTNUT Sts.,
Philadelphia, Pa.
May 29.–4t

Legal Notices.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

The County Commissioners take this method of informing the Tax-payers of Adams county that the State Authorities no longer allow abatement for early payment of State Taxes—but *add* five per cent. to the quota of each county that does not pay by the 1st of August. The Commissioners therefore give notice that in order to meet this demand, Tax-payers throughout this county will be expected to pay on or before the 15TH DAY OF JULY NEXT—otherwise five per cent. must be added by the Collectors in all cases.

By order of Commissioners,
May 29, 1867.–td J. M. WALTER, Clerk.

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

Proposals will be received by the Commissioners of Adams county, until THURSDAY, the 20th day of JUNE next, for BUILDING A COVERED WOODEN BRIDGE ACROSS OPOSSUM CREEK, at Bricker's Mill, on the road leading from Bricker's Mill to Bender's Church.—The Bridge is to be built after the style of "Burr's Patent," one span one hundred and three feet long—to be built of the best mountain white pine. Stone can be had near the site of the Bridge.

Plans and specifications can be seen by persons wishing to bid on the day of letting, or by application to J. M. Walter, Clerk to the Commissioners.

ABRAHAM KRISE,
SAMUEL WOLF,
NICHOLAS WIERMAN,
Commissioners.
Attest—J. M. WALTER, Clerk. [May 29, 1867 –td

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of JOHN T. McILHENNY, late of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same Borough, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. A. BUEHLER, Adm'r.
May 2, 1867.–6t

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of JESSE RICE, of Menallen township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARIA A. RICE, Adm'x.
LEANDER H. RICE, Adm'r.
May 16, 1867.—6t

NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of JAMES WITHERSPOON, late of Freedom township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, the first named residing in Freedom township and the last named residing in the borough of Gettysburg, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH WITHERSPOON,
JOEL B. DANNER,
Executors.
May 9, 1867.–6t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the Estate of JOHN WARNER, late of Menallen township, Adams county, Penna., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to call and make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

NOAH D. SNYDER,
Executor.
May 29, 1867.–6t*

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm of GARDNER & BROTHER, of Petersburg, Y. S., is hereby dissolved.

All persons indebted to said firm, will please make payment without delay. Either partner is authorized to use the name of the firm in the settlement of the business.

J. A. GARDNER.
J. W. GARDNER.

HAVING disposed of my stock of Merchandise to Messrs. Hartman & Sadler, and in retiring from a successful business career of nearly *eighteen years,* I hereby return my grateful acknowledgements to my friends and customers for their liberal patronage, and cheerfully recommend to their generous encouragement, my successors, Messrs. Hartman & Sadler.

J. A. GARDNER.
April 18, 1867.–tf

Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS.

George Swope,	Gettysburg
D. A. Buehler,	"
R. McCurdy,	"
M. Eichelberger,	"
S. R. Russell,	"
E. G. Fahnestock,	"
A. D. Buehler,	"
R. G. McCreary,	"
Jacob King,	Straban township
A. Heintzelman,	Franklin. "
Wm. D. Himes,	New Oxford.
Wm. B. Wilson,	Bendersville.
H. A. Picking,	Straban township.
John Wolford,	Latimore. "
John Picking,	East Berlin.
Abel T. Wright,	Bendersville.
Abdiel F. Gitt,	New Oxford.
Jas. H. Marshall,	Hamiltonban township
John Cunningham,	Freedom. "
John Horner,	Mountjoy "
Wm. Ross White,	Liberty "

This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 16 years, and in that period has made but one assessment having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $13,988—$7,369 of which have been paid during the last three years. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.
Oct. 25, 1866—t

Real Estate Sales.

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

I offer for sale my FARM situated in Straban township, two miles east of Gettysburg, on the turnpike leading to York, and known as the old Trostle Farm. It contains 151 ACRES of good land, and is in a high state of cultivation. It has been thoroughly limed, and is in good repair. The fences are mostly of good locust posts and chestnut rails. There are about 20 ACRES in good Meadow, lying in three separate parts. There are also about 35 acres of thriving timber and good springs of Water in every field except one. There is a new two-story BRICK HOUSE, and a Bank Barn over 100 feet long newly covered. There is an excellent Spring near the House; also a good well of water near the Barn.—About 6 Acres are covered with excellent grafted Fruit—Apples and peaches.

Any person wishing to purchase a good Home will do well to view this snug little Farm before purchasing elsewhere. JOSEPH TROSTLE.
June 5, 1867.—tf

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

I offer at private sale at my residence in Tyrone township, one mile west of Heidlersburg, on the Menallen road, 100 ACRES OF GOOD LAND, on which are a two-story Log House, weather-boarded, and plastered Stone Kitchen, and Bank Barn. There is a good well of Water near the House; also two streams of never-failing water running through the farm. About 20 Acres are of young thriving TIMBER, with a never-failing Spring of running water thereon. There are about 25 Acres of good Meadow Land; also a good Lime Kiln on the farm, and a good ORCHARD OF FRUIT. The Farm has been limed three times within fifteen years. It is in a high state of cultivation, and is surrounded with Mills and Churches. There is a good School-house on the farm.

Any person wishing to see this Farm, or that on the York turnpike, will find me at home at all times.
June 5, 1867.—tf JOSEPH TROSTLE.

A FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned having quit housekeeping, will sell her FARM at private sale, situated in Mountjoy township, Adams county, near the road leading from the Two Taverns to Taneytown, about two miles from the former place, containing about

155 ACRES, MORE OR LESS.

The improvements are a one and half story House and Log Barn, with Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Hog House, Carriage House, Spring House, and other necessary outbuildings and a never failing Spring of Water near the door, and all kinds of Fruit on the farm. The land is in a good state of cultivation with sufficient quantity of Wood Land and Meadow. The fences are in good condition, with a great many Chestnut Rails. The property is convenient to School, Church, Market and Lime.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on Mr. HENRY MUMMERT living on the farm.
May 29, 1867.-3t* CATHARINE STONER.

York *True Democrat* insert to amount of $3 and charge this office.

TIMBER LAND AT PUBLIC SALE.

The subscribers, Executors of the last will and testament of John Dull, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 15th day of June next,* on the premises, a tract of

PRIME TIMBER LAND,

situate in Menallen township, Adams county, about one mile north of Bendersville, on the road leading from that place to Holly Paper Mill, adjoining lands of Jacob Rebert, Isaac Wright, William McCreary, and others, containing

ABOUT 68 ACRES,

laid off in lots of from 5 to 9 ACRES, and covered with first-rate White, Black and Rock Oak, and Hickory TIMBER.

The lots, with but two exceptions, adjoin the public road and all are of easy access. Persons wishing to view the land are requested to call on David Dull, residing near it.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

CONRAD DULL,
JESSE DULL,
Executors.
May 29, 1867.-3t

FARMS FOR SALE.

I will sell the Farms,

No. 1. Lying on the Harrisburg and Gettysburg road between York Springs and Heidlersburg, containing 121 ACRES, with improvements, now occupied by James Miller. Price $35 per acre.

No. 2. Lying on the Carlisle and New Oxford road, between Heidlersburg and New Chester, containing 145 ACRES, with good improvements, now occupied by George J. Shank. Price $50 per acre.

Terms: One half to be paid on the delivery of the deed; the balance to suit the purchaser, either in cash or a first judgment Bonds of not less than $200 for No. 1, and $400 for No. 2, to be paid annually with interest.

These farms are patented, life handsomely and have been limed.
May 29, 1867.-tf W. F. BONNER.

A Clear, Smooth Skin, and Beautiful Complexion follows the use of Helmbold's Concentrated Extract Sarsaparilla. It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin.

Photograph Galleries.

REMOVAL!

THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street and nearly opposite the Store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies, has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,

of every size and description, executed in the finest style particular attention given to the CARTE-DE-VISITE, and in copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—

THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,

a new style of picture which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience. SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in

GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.

Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequalled by any other Gallery in the County, and we would herefore invite every one to call at the

NEW GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

Call and examine our Specimens and Judge for yourselves. LEVI MUMPER.
June 21, 1866.

WE are always glad to see our friends at the Excelsior Gallery, it still stands in the same old place opposite the Bank on York st., Gettysburg, Pa. C. J. TYSON.

PHOTO MINIATURES at the Excelsior Gallery are superb and are furnished at one-third city prices. Call and examine specimen's. C. J. TYSON.

EXCELSIOR is our motto. To please our aim! and to render satisfaction in every instance our determination. C. J. TYSON.

CONSTANTLY on hand an assortment of fine Frames, Photograph Albums, Cards and Baskets for grasses, from the Battle-field, Photographs of our Generals, and other distinguished individuals, at the Excelsior Gallery. C. J. TYSON.

THE best Photographs made in this County are made at the Excelsior Gallery, Gettysburg, opposite the old Bank. C. J. TYSON.

BY all means have your Photographs made at the Excelsior Gallery if you desire them perfect. C. J. TYSON.

LARGE VIEWS of the Battle-field, singly or in sets, very low; also Stereoscopic Views of the Battle-field, at the Excelsior Gallery. Do not fail to see them. C. J. TYSON.

J. GURNEY & SON,

PHOTOGRAPH ARTISTS,

707 Broadway, New York.

In addition to our PHOTOGRAPHIC ART GALLERY, established 1840. We have for the last five years had advantages superior to any other establishment in obtaining sittings from life, of all the PROMINENT CELEBRITIES of the day in CARD PORTRAITS, and are now publishing a Catalogue of over 2500 SUBJECTS, AMERICAN AND FOREIGN, also a large list of Copies of

WORKS OF ART AND ENGRAVINGS.

Such as the Right Rev. Bishops of the Episcopal church, the Catholic Clergy, and the Clergy of all denominations, all prominent officers of the Army, Navy and Confederate States, Actors and Actresses, Professional Billiard Players, Foreign celebrities, Pictures from Statuary, male and female.

Catalogues sent on receipt of Stamp.

An order for one dozen pictures from our Catalogue will be filled at $1.80, and sent by mail free. Single Pictures 25 cents each, copies of engravings 15 cents each.

N. B. We also desire to call attention to the advantage we have for reproducing, or copying, Old Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, Card Pictures, &c., of

DECEASED RELATIVES AND FRIENDS,

enlarging them to any size, and finishing in Oil, Water Colors, or India Ink, with the aid of

TEN TALENTED ARTISTS.

Parties desiring copies, should therefore correspond with us direct.

SEND FOR A CATALOGUE.

The Trade Supplied at a Liberal Discount.

GALLERY OPEN FOR FREE INSPECTION,

and strangers visiting the City, will find our Gallery one of the most agreeable places in the City, wherein to while away an hour.

J. GURNEY & SON,
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
Oct. 4, 1866.—$20 707 Broadway, N. Y.

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

ANOTHER VETO

BY NORRIS,

CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES

AS CHEAP AS BEFORE THE WAR.

ALSO

Anything in the Gentlemen's furnishing line,

Can be found at the Cheap Store of

T. C. NORRIS.

May 29 1867.–tf

New Goods!

CHEAP—CHEAPER—CHEAPEST!

IF you wish to buy good and cheap Goods, call at JACOBS & BRO'S STORE, near Myers' Hotel, in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg. They have the very best selection of goods, such as CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, &c., the market can produce, and are determined to sell them as cheap as can be sold anywhere in town or country. Any person wishing to have them cut out, can have it done free of charge.—Those desiring Goods made up, can also be accommodated We warrant the best work and the best fits to be had anywhere. No humbug in what we say.

We have on hand the very best most durable SEWING MACHINES, and are always ready to wait on purchasers. Full satisfaction given as to operating machines.—Call and examine. We warrant them to be the best in use. JACOBS & BRO.
May 29, 1867.

NEW AND CHEAP CLOTHING

AT BRINKERHOFF'S

STACKS OF THEM!

J. BRINKERHOFF, corner of the Diamond and York street, has just returned from the city with an unusually attractive assortment of

CLOTHING FOR SPRING & SUMMER WEAR,

which he will sell at such prices as cannot fail to take them off very rapidly. Call and judge for yourselves.—To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and neat and substantial sewing, and then to get his low prices—callers cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.

He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials, Hats, Boots and Shoes;

Shirts, of all kinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Suspenders, Brushes, Combs,

Trunks, Valices, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Pipes, Stationery, &c.;

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, with a thousand and one other articles, entirely too numerous to detail in a newspaper advertisement.

He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one can or will sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.
May 29, 1867. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

HATS, CAPS, FURS.

S. S. McCREARY

Has just opened a new assortment of HATS and CAPS, of the latest style and fashion, which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices and lower than the same goods can be had in the city. Call and examine his stock, at his old establishment on Chambersburg street, opposite Buehler's Drug Store.
Gettysburg, June 5, 1867.—1y

C. SOMERS & SON,

809 CHESTNUT STREET,

Call the attention of the public to their stock of

FINE CLOTHING,

Also, to the large assortment of new style piece goods for

SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.

Our Measure Department is so organized that gentlemen can feel every confidence that the garments obtained will be made in the

BEST MANNER AND LATEST STYLE.

C. SOMERS & SON.
April 18, 1867.-3m

TERRIBLE SLAUGHTER!

IN the prices of all kinds of Ready-made Clothing, to be convinced you have but to call at PICKING'S

HATS AND CAPS!

THE Largest, Best and Cheapest Stock of Fashionable Hats and Caps, in Adams county, at NORRIS'.

GOOD FOR THE EYES,

TO call, and look through the extensive stock of all kinds of Coats, a variety of Pants and neat styles of Vests at PICKING'S

TO LOOK GENTEEL,

BUY your suits at the Cheap Store of PICKING'S

EIGHT-DAY,

THIRTY-HOUR and Alarm Clocks at PICKING'S

WHAT'S DOWN?

WHY Coats, Pants and Vests at PICKING'S

Livery Stables.

THE EAGLE LIVERY, SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in this place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c., of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old cripples," but all of the "2.40" order.

Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to, and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."

Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals.

We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment.
May 29, 1867—tf. T. T. TATE.

GETTYSBURG LIVERY, SALE & EXCHANGE STABLE.

THE Proprietor of these Stables, feeling thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, begs leave to inform the public that he continues the LIVERY BUSINESS at his old stand on Washington street, Gettysburg, near the Railroad, where he is prepared at all times to accommodate persons with anything in his line.

HORSES, COACHES, BUGGIES, &C.,

furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms, and competent drivers sent along if desired. Persons will be conveyed to other towns, or to any place in the country. His stock and Coaches are of the first class, and no pains will be spared to make passengers comfortable. He is prepared at all times to furnish coaches for funerals; and also to parties desiring to go over the Battle Field or to visit the Springs.

ALSO—HORSES AND MULES

will be bought and sold at all times. Persons desiring to purchase stock will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, as his stock is warranted to be as represented or no sale. He has a fine lot of Horses and Mules at present on hand which will be sold on reasonable terms. They are sound and free from disease, and are guarantied to work as represented. Persons will find it to their advantage to call at the old stand before hiring or purchasing elsewhere.
Aug. 3, 1865.—tf NICHOLAS WEAVER.

Stoves, Tinware, &c.

TIN-WARE AND STOVES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF TIN-WARE IN THE COUNTY,

AT

S. G. COOK'S,

(Formerly Andrew Polley's); also some of THE BEST COOKING-STOVES IN THE MARKET, among which are the

OLD DOMINION,
COMPROMISE,
PENNSYLVANIA,
NOBLE COOK,
ECONOMIST,
BARLEY SHEAF, &c.

Also, many other articles for kitchen use, which will be sold as low as at any other place in the county.
April 12, 1866. S. G. COOK.

Forge and Foundry.

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters, Ploughs, such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Side-hill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses, Iron Railing for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, all new. DAVID STERNER.
May 29.—tf

IRON—IRON—IRON!

GETTYSBURG FORGE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the Public that they have erected a Forge in connection with their steam Mill, and are now manufacturing

Forge-Hammered Iron,

such as Plough, Horse-shoe and Bar Iron, and respectfully invite Blacksmiths and Dealers to give them a call, feeling satisfied that they will be able to please as to quality, finish and price.

BRINGMAN & WARREN.

N. B. The highest market price paid for wrought-scrap Iron. B. & W.
Dec. 13, 1866.

Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

NEW LUMBER YARD IN EMMITSBURG, MD.

WE would respectfully inform the public that we have established a LARGE LUMBER YARD in Emmittsburg, Md.

LUMBER, SCANTLING, PICKETS AND LATHS FLOORING BOARDS, WINDOWS, DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS,

and every description of Building Lumber furnished at the lowest cash, prices, by

WILLIAM ULRICH,
Agent for Potter & Co.
June 21, 1866.—tf

NEW LUMBER YARD.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, Near Guinn & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has WHITE PINE PLANK, inch and half BOARDS, FLOORING, PALINGS, &c., &c., and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.

A supply of Shingles, at low prices, always on hand.
Nov. 1, 1866.—tf. JACOB SHEADS.

Lime & Coal.

GUINN & REILLY have erected two additional Lime Kilns, on the Railroad, and are therefore better prepared than ever to supply the best of LIME, in large or small quantities. Farmers and others can hereafter look for a more prompt filling of their orders, and are invited to extend and continue their favors to a firm which is making every effort to accommodate them in the manner possible.

They will also continue to keep on hand, for sale, a good supply of the different kinds of COAL, which they will sell at small profits.

Coal and Lime delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.
June 21, 1866.—tf

SHINGLES.—Prime Shingles, the best in the market, for sale at JACOB SHEADS'S new Lumber Yard, on the Railroad, adjoining the Lime Kilns, Gettysburg. [Nov. 1866.–ts

Books, Drugs, Medicines, &c.

Drugs and Medicines.

FORNEY'S OLD STAND.

THE undersigned having taken charge of this old and popular Store, takes pleasure in informing the public that he is constantly receiving fresh supplies of all kinds of DRUGS AND MEDICINES, from the most reliable houses, and is prepared to accommodate his customers with any article in his line

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

of every description, all the popular PATENT MEDICINES of the day, with a full supply of chemicals, Perfumery, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Varnishes, Fluids, Turpentine, Hair Oils, Extracts, Soaps, Brushes, together with a great variety of Fancy articles—in short, everything usually found in a first class Drug Store—constantly on hand.

Physicians supplied at reasonable rates, and prescriptions carefully compounded and prepared at all hours of the day and night—Sunday not excepted. Being determined to sell cheap, he would ask a liberal share of public patronage. Give us a call and see for yourselves. JOHN S FORNEY.
Aug. 9, 1866.

A. D. BUEHLER,

THEOLOGICAL, CLASSICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS

BOOKS,

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

STATIONERY,

PERFUMERY OF ALL KINDS,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Chambersburg street, near Diamond.
May 29, 1867.—1y

Forwarding Houses.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

FLOUR AND FEED.

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c., heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market price for Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce.

Flour and Feed, Salt, and all kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

Plaster, and all kinds of fertilizers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY MORNING, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 North Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call. CULP & EARNSHAW.
Aug. 9, 1866.

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.—The highest Market price paid for Grain and all kinds of Produce. Groceries, Fertilizers, &c., constantly on hand for sale at the Ware-house of
Aug. 9 1866 CULP & EARNSHAW.

W. E. BIDDLE. H. S. BENNER.

100,000 Bushs. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WAREHOUSE. WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on

THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS,

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES.—On hand, for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

They will run a LINE OF FREIGHT CARS from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity, at REDUCED RATES. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly in Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., No. 128 North Howard street, near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.
April 19, 1866.—tf BIDDLE & BENNER.

Bounty Accounts.

Bounty Account.

HON. S. R. RUSSELL, Treasurer, in account with the Borough of Gettysburg (Bounty Fund.)

DR.

To amount collected by subscription First Draft	$1,486 00	
To amount collected by subscription Second Draft	13,270 00	
To amount collected by subscription Third Draft	7,755 50	
		22,511 50
Nett amount realized from Tax Duplicate, 1864	$8,302 34	
Nett amount realized from Tax Duplicate, 1865	6,360 06	
Nett amount realized from Tax Duplicate, 1866	5,099 64	
		19,762 04
Balance of Bounty Debt ...		11,368 68
		$53,642 22

ASSETS.

Balance outstanding on Duplicate, 1866		1,208 19
The Debt is due as follows, Gettysburg National Bank	7,000 00	
James Dickson and Sister	600 00	
Wm. Douglass	1,000 00	
John Houck	1,000 00	
Mrs. S. Wolf	1,000 00	
Jacob Eckert	475 00	
Borough Treasury	293 68	
		$11,368 68

CR.

FIRST DRAFT.

By amount paid 60 men	7,660 00	
" Expenses	241 85	
" Interest	122 66	
" Subscription refunded	1,486 00	
" Treasurer and Clerk's Salary Extra	20 00	
		9,530 51

SECOND DRAFT.

By amount paid 41 men	20,550 00	
" 5 substitutes	803 22	
" Expenses	296 38	
" Interest & Stamp	658 58	
" Treasurer and Clerk's Salary Extra	20 00	
		22,328 18

THIRD DRAFT.

By amount paid 21 men	18,500 00	
" 4 substitutes	1,200 00	
" Expenses	250 00	
" Interest & Stamps	1,813 53	
" Treasurer & Clerk's Salary Extra	20 00	
		$53,642 22

The undersigned Auditors appointed by the Town Council of the Borough of Gettysburg certify that the above is a correct statement of the Bounty Account of said Borough as per vouchers exhibited to us.

EDW. G. FAHNESTOCK,
A. J. COVER,
H. S. BENNER.
May 29, 1867.—3t

BOUNTY ACCOUNT.

A GENERAL STATEMENT of the Bounty Account of UNION TOWNSHIP, Adams county, Pa., made the 19th day of April, 1867.

Year 1865.—SAMUEL REBERT, Treasurer.

DR.

To Tax received	$4,580 73

CR.

By Harman Strine's substitute	$300 00
" Charles Spangler's "	300 00
" Lewis Mause's "	100 00
" Auditor's fees and stationery	9 00
" Notes and interest	3,789 30
	4,498 30
Balance in hands of Treasurer	82 43
	4,580 73

Year 1866.—SAMUEL REBERT, Treasurer.

DR.

To balance in hands of Treasurer	$82 43
Tax received from John Kellenberger, Collector	100 00
Tax received from Harman Strine collector	600 00
" " "	320 00
" " "	250 00
" " "	730 00
" " "	730 00
" " "	100 00
" " "	45 00
	3,017 43

CR

Notes and interest paid to Martin Grove	$215 41
" " Joseph L. Shorb	1,304 00
Paid Lewis Mause	206 00
Notes and interest paid to Geo. Basehoar	380 00
" " Harman Strine	530 00
Money paid to Jacob Basehoar	5 00
Auditors' fees	3 00
Money paid Benjamin Forry	310 89
" John Spangler	10 60
Treasurer's fees	37 99
	3,002 89
Balance in hands of Treasurer	14 54
	3,017 43

Year 1867.—JOHN BAUBLITZ, Treasurer.

DR.

To balance from former Treasurer	$14 54
Received of John Ortner, Collector	53 97
Tax assessed for 1866	404 70
	472 31

CR.

Note and interest to T. J. McClain	$318 00
Enoch Lefever, Committee	6 80
Jacob M. Bollinger, "	3 00
Samuel P. Young, "	3 60
John Kellenberger, Collector	21 16
Exonerations	2 40
Auditors' fees	3 00
Clerks' fees	2 00
Collectors' fees, Samuel Becker	8 06
Treasurer's fees	2 28
Committee fees	6 00
	376 32
Balance in hands of Treasurer	96 99
	472 31

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Union township, having audited the Bounty Accounts of the above named Treasurers, do certify that they are correct to the best of our knowledge and belief. Witness our hands the 19th day of April, 1867.

AMOS LEFEVER,
ABRAHAM SELL,
DAVID BOYER,
Auditors.
June 5, 1867.—3t*

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer, 21, Troy, N. Y.
Feb. 28, 1867.—6m.

YOUNG LADIES BEWARE!—Of the injurious effects of Face Powders and Washes. All such remedies close up the pores of the skin, and in a short time destroy the complexion. If you would have a fresh, healthy, and youthful appearance, use Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla.

THOSE who desire brilliancy of complexion must purify and enrich the blood, which Helmbold's Concentrated Extract of Sarsaparilla invariably does. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other.

NOW is the time to buy your Winter Goods, fresh and cheap [illegible] North-west of the Square, [illegible]

The Farmer and Housekeeper.

Health of Cows.

Good health of domestic animals is always a matter of primary importance.

As bad health transmits a tendency to disease in the offspring, it is important that every kind of animal we desire to continue on our farms should be kept vigorous and healthy.

As domestic animals are a source of human food, it is a matter of great importance to preserve them in a healthy condition. Diseased meat carries its qualities into the stomach of its consumer. It is a serious objection which vegetarians urge against the use of animal food, that artificial circumstances in which animals live, and the bad treatment they receive, render them unhealthy. As an unhealthy animal does not consume food to as good advantage as a well one, it is economical to avoid disease.

As comparative misery and discomfort accompany disease, it is humane as well as economical to see that the animals under our care enjoy as far as possible their creature comforts.

Each of these circumstances is a sufficient reason for guarding with scrupulous care the health of animals we feed; but when we derive milk from animals, it is doubly important that they should be kept free from every objectionable taint. A sickly cow not only yields a diminished profit, but she yields sickly milk, and sickly in a higher degree than her flesh.

If a cow eats anything that has a strong or disagreeable odor, it appears in her milk.

If she eats anything medicinal, it comes out in her milk.

If she is feverish, her milk shows it.

If she has sores about her, pus may be found in her milk.

If she is fed upon decayed or diseased food, her milk, since it is derived from her food, will be imperfect. It is as impossible to make good milk from bad food, as to make a good building from rotten timber.

If there is anything wrong about her, it will appear in the milk, as that is an effective source of casting filth from her own organism.

These facts should at all times be well impressed upon the mind of the dairyman, more especially at this season of the year.

Closely confined in their narrow stalls through the long winter, where the air is not always fresh and pure, nor water and exercise always had when desired, nor their food always free from foul, medicinal weeds—as thistles, daisies, white top, etc.—cows are very likely to vary from a perfectly healthy condition. Spring cheese will be faulty enough, do the best we can: that every dairyman knows. The health of the cows should not, at any rate, be allowed to become a cause of deterioration. Green food should now, if it has not before, alternate as often as possible with the dry. For this purpose, beets, carrots, turnips, potatoes, cabbages, parsnips and apples are valuable.

Ventilation and watering should be promptly attended to, and salt, and meal made by pulverized burnt bones, should be kept where daily access can be had to them, if desired, nor should their strength and flesh be allowed to fail for the want of a sufficiently nutritious diet. The best flavored butter and cheese cannot be made from cows that are badly fed, or ailing, or poor.—*Little Fal's Dairy Farmer.*

How to keep Butter and Water Cool.

"Now, Missis, how can that drop o' water make the butter hard?" was Bridget's question one day, when she saw me put a half-pound of butter into our glass butter-dish.

"I will tell you, if you will but observe."

"I do observe ye every day, mum, but I'm none the wiser."

"Well, watch me once again. You see I put about half a teacupful of cold water into this soup-plate; standing in this is the butter-dish containing the butter."

"Shure, then, why don't you put the cowld wather on the butter?"

"That must never be, because the water would soon get warm from the hot air; but I keep the hot air off by dipping this old table-napkin in water, placing it over the butter-dish, letting the whole of the other portion of the napkin be tucked into the water in the soup-plate; then you see the water rises continually over the napkin, making the air which surrounds the butter cool instead of hot."

"Shure it's you is the clever one; but it's a terrible sight o' trouble, though the butter's as hard as a flint, an' it keeps swate, too."

"It's no trouble at all, Bridget, once a day to give fresh water, twice a week to scald the napkin and the butter-dish with boiling water; then, when cold, let both stay in cold water for an hour. And see the comfort you have."

"An' that's thrue for you. If I'd only been trained I might ha' been as clever as yourself. An' what's the use of all that melted saltpetre and salt round the filter? Won't water do for that as well?"

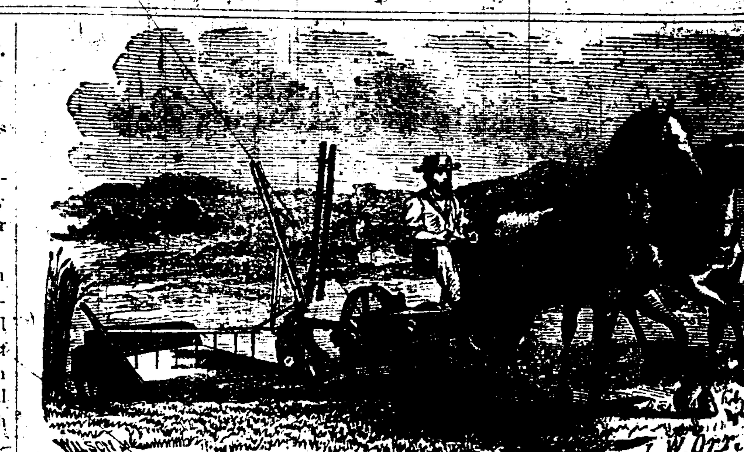
"No; because the filter is somewhat thicker than this table napkin, and the coldness of water is not sufficient. So, you see, I melt a handful of salt and a tablespoonful of saltpetre in a quart of water, place it in this shallow pan, then stand the filter in it; dip a wet cloth in water, then place it over the filter so that the edges of the cloth shall lie in the mixture, and all I have to do for a month is to renew the water in the pan every day, when you know the water which is daily put into the filter is as cool as ice."

"But why do you have the filter put in a draught?"

"Because the air in a draught is cooler, and as constantly as the surface of the wet cloth is dried by the surrounding air, the sides of the cloth being laid in the mixture causes the moisture to ascend, and thus prevents the hot air from approaching the filter. Now, Bridget, if you ever marry, and wish to make the water cool for your family to drink, you need not have a filter. Just fill a pitcher with cold water; place the pitcher in a basin which has water in it; wring out a clean cloth in cold water; cover over the pitcher with the cloth, taking care that all the edges of the cloth are tucked into the basin in which you have stood the pitcher, and you need not trouble yourself more. In two hours the water will be deliciously cool."—*Mrs. Warren.*

How to treat Balky Horses.

If you have balky horses, it is your fault, and not the horses, for if they do not pull true, there is some cause for it, and if you will remove the cause the effect will cease.—When your horse balks he is excited, and does not know what you want him to do. When he gets a little excited stop him five or ten minutes; let him become calm. Go to the balky horse, pat him and speak gently to him; and as soon as he is over his excitement, he will, in nine cases out of ten, pull at the word. Whipping and slashing and swearing only make the matter worse. After you have caressed him awhile, and his excitement has cooled down, take him by the bit; turn him each way a few minutes as far as you can; pull out the tongue; gentle him a little; unrein him; then step before the balky horse and let the other start first; then you can take them anywhere you wish. A balky horse is always high-spirited, and starts quick; half the pull is out before the others start; by standing before him the others start too. By close application to this rule, you can make any balky horse pull. If a horse has been badly spoiled, you should hitch him to the empty wagon, and pull it around a while on level ground, then put on a little load and increase it gradually, caressing as before, and in a short time you can have a good work horse.—*American Farmer.*



Agricultural Implements.

THE PREMIUM

MOWER AND REAPER,

DODGES HARVESTER.

AWARDED the Special Diploma and Grand Medal of *Honor* as the best combined Mower Hand-Raking Reaper and Self-Raking Reaper—on exhibition at the great fair of the St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association, October 6th, 1866.

OHIO AND BUCKEYE PATENTS

At the great trial of Reapers and Mowers at Auburn N. Y., in July last by the New York State Agricultural Society, this Machine was awarded the preference over all others in Class No 5. This class was the most important of any as it embraced Mowing and Hand or Self-Raking Reaper in the same Machine.

This Machine has been awarded Medals and first Premiums by the Pennsylvania and Iowa State Fairs, and by hundreds of County Fairs in all parts of the country.—This Machine took the first Premium at the Adams County Agricultural Fair held at Bendersville, September 1865. Also,

BALL'S OHIO AND RUSSEL'S SCREW POWER.

Both first-class Machines, having sold a number of these Machines in the last three years. They have given general satisfaction wherever used. We ask farmers before buying a machine to call and examine these machines before purchasing elsewhere, as they will be able to make a better selections. We could produce quite a number of certificates from some of our best Farmers in the County, but deem it unnecessary, as we warrant these machines to give satisfaction with a fair trial, or no sale. Insured for one season.

Extras always kept on hand. We have made arrangements to have repairing done when needed at any time and on moderate terms.

With the above we have for sale a number of valuable farming Implements.

SULKY CORN PLOUGH

Can be used for ploughing and colivating corn—finishing one row at a time. Can also be used for loosening up corn ground or putting in seeding—by raising the front shovels it can be used for marking out corn ground—marking two rows at a time. A Cornplanter can also be attached, planting 2 rows at a time.

CORN CRUSHERS

For crushing corn in the ear or shelled.

STEEL COMPOSITION BELLS

For Schools, Churches, Farms, &c.

STEEL PLOUGHS SMYTH'S PATENT.

HAY RAKES

An article every Farmer should have—the best in the market. Hand or self-discharging GRAIN DRILLS, (Willough by's Patent) with Crowell's Guano attachment.

Harrisburg GRAIN FAN (Reynold's Patent) considered the best mill ever in use in this county.

Any of the above machines can be had by calling on or addressing the subscriber 2 miles from Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road, where specimen machines can be seen. WM. WIBLE, Agent, Gettysburg, Pa.

April 3, 1867.—tf.

HUBBARD'S



SELF-RAKER.

THE undersigned are agents for this celebrated Combined Self-raking Reaper and Mower. This machine has two driving wheels, hinge-joint and folding bar, is very simple in construction, and is considered by those persons who have used them to be equal in difficult grass to any light machine made for mowing only, will cut any kind of grass standing or lodged wet or dry can start anywhere without backing, for the truth of this assertion we will refer to those who bought of us last year. It cuts 4 feet 8 inches in grass, and 5 feet 6 inches in grain, is a rear-cut, side-delivery, can finish a field without binding a sheaf, and does the most satisfactory work in lodged grain, to be worked by two horses in grain or grass. We claim this Self-raker to be the best in existence. We will give our reasons.

1st. This Self-raker has four rakes (no blanks or fans) which all fall into the lodged grain as low as the knife and several feet in front of it and rise gradually after the grain is on platform, and continue to revolve until you have a sheaf then the driver moves a small lever and either rake will sweep the platform, by this, you will see that you can always have a full sheaf, saving binding, gathering and dividing sheaf.

2nd. If you wish to put the driver on the horses, or the grain is one thickness that it will permit to make a sheaf each revolution, without aid of the driver. You can do so by simple drawing one bolt, and still keep all the rakes on to drop into the lodged grain and bring it up before the knife reaches it. Here is one point we wish to call your attention too. Take notice where all these rakes strike into the grain and then compare them with blanks on other Self-Rakers.

3rd. If you wish your oats on a swath, tie your lever fast, and it will do its work perfectly and you will be safe for wet weather.

4th. It is a well known fact that in Hand-raking Reapers that the reel must be changed for different kinds of grain, and also necessary for Self-rake to make perfect work in extreme tall or short grain, this rake track works in a pivit, and by changing two bolts. We have this most desirable and indispensible improvement over all others. With a combination of these four desirable points, it has been unanimously acknowledged by all disinterested and practical machinists to be decidedly simple and durable in its construction.

At the great National Field Trial, held at Auburn, New York, last July, which is conceded to have been the largest and severest trial ever held in the United States, lasting several weeks, under the entire management of the New York State Agricultural Society, this machine was awarded the Gold Medal for the best Combined Self-raking Reaper and Mower, (Class No. 4.) Since the great trial, different machines are claiming Medals, and most persons are in a fog about it. Over fifty machines were entered in the different classes for the different medals.

Class No 1. Light Mowers; No. 2, Reapers, Hand Rake (for grain only); No. 2½, Reapers, Self-rake, (for grain only): No. 3, Combined Reaper and Mower, (Hand-rake); No. 4 Combined Reaper and Mower, (Self-raka): No. 5 Combined Hand and Self-raking Reaper and Mower, (thrown out on account of inferior work.)

At the Field Trial held by the Centre County Agricultural Society, on McAllister's farm, last July, Hubbard's Combined Self-raking Reaper and Mower was awarded the highest premium for the best work in grain and grass. See Pamphlets for report. We have machines now on hand and invite farmers to come and see them. We warrant them to give entire satisfaction in all respects. Extras always on hand. Branch Shop at York, Penna. Address Granite Hill Post-office, Adams county, Pa.

Also Pratt & Smedley's Patent Horse Rakes on hand, built by Geo. W. Grant & Co., Columbia, Pa.

HENRY THOMAS & SON, Agents.

MOUNTJOY TOWNSHIP, April 24th, 1867.

MESSRS. WILLIAMS, WALLACE & CO.—Last harvest I purchased one of your Combined Self Rakers, and I pronounce it a first class Machine. Can cut any kind of Grass wet or dry, at a very slow walk, and never chokes. The Self Raker works very well. I believe that it can bring up lodged Grain that no other Machine can do with blanks, and can be changed for different kinds of Grain, which is a great advantage. Yours truly, HENRY W. SWARTZ.

CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP, April 24th, 1867.

MESSRS. WILLIAMS, WALLACE & CO.—I bought one of your Combined Self Raking Reapers and Mowers, and can recommend it as a splendid Mower. Never chokes, and of light draught, and the Rake does all it is recommended to do. It is a great advantage to make the sheaves any size you wish.

Yours truly, JOHN SOCKS, Sr. JOHN SOCKS, Jr.

STRABAN TOWNSHIP, April 24th, 1867.

MESSRS. WILLIAMS, WALLACE & CO.—We, the undersigned, having used and fairly tested the Hubbard Combined Reaper and Mower, (Hand Rake,) can recommend it as of light draught, and free from side draught, and believe it to be the most durable Machine in our locality, and has given us general satisfaction. Yours truly, JOHN G. BRINKERHOFF, JOHN STALEY, ISAAC F. BRINKERHOFF.

GERMANY TOWNSHIP, April 24th, 1867.

MESSRS. WILLIAMS, WALLACE & CO.—I purchased one of your Combined Machines after going to see three different Self Rakers working. I immediately put it to the test in grain that leaned away from the Machine on two sides, and it gave entire satisfaction. I then cut my Oats crop, and cut a large quantity of Grass, and will say for the Hubbard that it will not choke in any kind of Grass, wet or dry, standing or lodged, at the slowest gait your horses will walk. Is free from side draught, no weight on horses' necks, and is light work for two horses. The Self Rake is without doubt the best Self Raker out. It has four Rakes, (no blanks,) and can bring up lodged Grain that no Hand Raker can do, and can regulate the sheaves the size you wish—changing the Rake for any kind of Grain. That it will make nice work in the tallest Rye or the shortest Clover seed, and if the Grain is one thickness, can make a sheaf each revolution of the Raker without any aid from the driver; can also swath Oats, which is another great advantage no other Machine has. Yours truly, SAMUEL WEANT.

GERMANY TOWNSHIP, April 24th, 1867.

MESSRS. WILLIAMS, WALLACE & CO.—I purchased one of your Combined Self Rakers from your Agents, Henry Thomas & Son, and can consistently recommend it as a very good Mower of light draught, and the Self Raker can bring up Grain that is down better than any Hand Raker can do. Yours truly, JACOB KING.

I can endorse the above recommendation of Mr. King, as I have one of the same Machines. JONAS ROYER.

BRINKERHOFF'S CORN SHELLER, SEPARATOR AND CLEANER.

The underigned would inform the Agricultural public that he has purchased from the Patentee of this extraordinary machine, the Patent Right for the States of Pennsylvania and Maryland.

Brinkerhoff's Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner, is pronounced the best machine of the kind in this country. And in proof, it may be mentioned that the "Advisory Committee appointed to select Implements for exhibition at the Universal Exposition in Paris, in 1867, have selected this Sheller as the best in America," and at the request of J. C. Derby, U. S. Agent, a machine has been shipped to Paris for exhibition. One important feature in this machine is that it will shell ears large, small or crooked, perfectly clean, and separates the cob and chaff from the Corn ready for market.

The fact may also be stated that at the great trial of Agricultural Implements, at Auburn, N. Y., in July last, under the auspices of the New York State Agricultural Society, the Brinkerhoff Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner was reported by one of the most competent Committees as the best Corn Sheller out. They say, "We have carefully examined and thoroughly tested this machine, and have no hesitation in pronouncing it *the best Corn Sheller we ever saw.*" The report is signed by such men as John Stanton Gould, President N. Y. State Agricultural Society; R. P. Johnson, Secretary to same; Solon Robinson, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Tribune; S. Edward Todd, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Times.

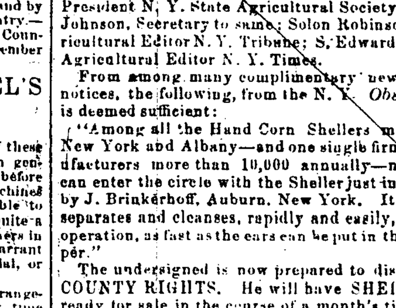
From among many complimentary newspaper notices, the following, from the N. Y. *Observer*, is deemed sufficient:

"Among all the Hand Corn Shellers made in New York and Albany—and one single firm manufacturers more than 10,000 annually—not one can enter the circle with the Sheller just invented by J. Brinkerhoff, Auburn, New York. It shells, separates and cleanses, rapidly and easily, at one operation, as fast as the ears can be put in the hopper."

The undersigned is now prepared to dispose of COUNTY RIGHTS. He will have SHELLERS ready for sale in the course of a month's time.

All letters to be addressed to WM. WIBLE, P. O. Box 246, Gettysburg, Pa.

Mar. 14, 1867.



THE NATIONAL REAPERS AND MOWERS.

HOFFHEIN'S PATENTS.

THE No. 1 Machine has Two Driving Wheels, Hinge Joint and Folding Bar, making it very convenient to move from one place to another; is very simple in its construction, extremely light draught, and durable, cuts 4 feet 10 inches in grass and 5 feet 2 inches in grain; is a Self-Raker and Side-Delivery, and is capable of cutting a whole field without binding a sheaf, and does the most satisfactory work.

This Machine can also be used as a Hand Machine without injuring its qualities as a Reaper. The Machine is warranted to cut grass as well as any Single Mower that cuts the same width. It is a strong two-horse Machine—three or four can be used, if required, in hilly ground.

GREAT IMPROVEMENTS have been made for the coming season.

The Machine is also perfectly balanced, no weight on the horses' necks in Mowing or Reaping.

Always remember that at the Mowing trial last Summer in Gettysburg, in competition with 6 other leading Machines, the above named Machine was awarded the First Premium. This way if you want the best Machine.

No. 2 is a light two-horse Machine, and is differently constructed, cutting on the right-hand side; and in front of Driving Wheels, is a Self-Raker and Side Delivery.—The difference in the width of cut is 6 inches.

The shifting lever and the raising and lowering levers are both at the driver's right side, and with his right foot upon a pedal and his left upon a foot step, he has the power and control of the whole machine, he can raise or lower the platform from three to fourteen inches, can throw the machine out of gear, and regulate the rake so as to make the sheaves large or small, and all this at the same time and without retarding the motion or speed of the machine.

Keep it before the people that at a fair mowing trial 7 different leading Machines were present at Dillsburg, York, co., last Summer and the National Machine was awarded the first premium.

All Machines warranted to give satisfaction. For further information apply to LEWIS BUSHMAN, Agent, 3 miles south of Gettysburg.

March 14, 1867.—tf

SHIREMAN'S

NATIONAL SELF-DISCHARGING STEEL SPRING TOOTH

Horse Rake!

Patented Sept. 9th, 1862, and Re-issued Dec. 6th, 1864.

THIS Rake is an Independent Steel Spring Tooth Rake, and has proven itself to be the most perfect HORSE RAKE now in use. With this Rake the Horse does all the work, both the Raking and Discharging, by the Driver moving a lever a few inches, which throws it into gear, and as the horse moves forward it raises the teeth and discharges its load, and then shifts out of gear itself, the teeth dropping down ready to rake again. By this operation it is so easily understood that the *Raker has hardly any work to do.*

Important improvements have been made of late, making it very simple and durable in its construction. Thousands of them, have been sold in the few last years and given the best kind of satisfaction.

Circulars giving a fuller description of these Machines can be had by applying to the Agent.

Apply to LEWIS BUSHMAN, Agent. 3 miles south of Gettysburg.

March 14, 1867.—tf

Sewing Machines.

SINGER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINE.

THE very best and latest improved machine in use, for sale at the CLOTHING STORE of JACOBS & BRO., in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, where you can buy the best and cheapest Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, and every variety of goods in the line of

MEN AND BOYS WEAR.

You can have them cut out and made up in the very best style if you wish, at moderate prices, and without any risk whatever. GEO. JACOBS & BRO.

Aug. 16, 1866.

SEWING MACHINES!

THE GROVER & BAKER.

THE BEST IN USE.—These Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" are points that have been attained by no other Machine.—They are the only Machines that sew and embroider with perfection. These Machines are peculiarly adapted to Family use. They are almost noiseless, sew directly from the spool without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be worked by almost any child. Every family should have one. *They save labor, they save time, and they save money,* and do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Fairfield, Adams co., where he will always have on hand a supply. Persons wishing to buy will please call and examine for themselves.

Needles and Thread will also be supplied.

J. S. WITHEROW, Agent. Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

Aug. 16, 1866.—tf.

THE HOWE MACHINE CO.'S SEWING MACHINES,

699 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

These World-renowned Sewing Machines were awarded the Highest Premium at the World's Fair, in London, and six First Premiums at the N. Y. State Fair of 1866, and are celebrated for doing the best work, using a much smaller needle for the same thread than any other machine, and by the introduction of the most approved machinery, we are now able to supply the very best machines in the world.

These machines are made at our new and spacious Factory at Bridgeport, Conn., under the immediate supervision of the President of the Company, ELIAS HOWE, Jr., the original inventor of the Sewing Machine.

They are adapted to all kinds of Family Sewing, and to the use of Seamstresses, Dress Makers, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Skirts, Cloaks, Mantillas, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Boots, Shoes, Harness, Saddles, Linen Goods, Umbrellas, Parasols, etc. They work equally well upon silk, linen, cotton or woolen goods with silk, cotton or linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed.

The Stitch invented by Mr. HOWE, and made on this Machine, is the most popular and durable, and all Sewing Machines are subject to the principle invented by him. Send for Circulars.

SIBLEY & STOOPS, General Agents, No. 922 Chestnut St., Phila.

March 19, 1867.—1y

EMPIRE SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES are superior to all others for FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.

Contain all the latest improvements; are speedy; noiseless; durable and easy to work.

Illustrated Circulars free. Agents wanted. Liberal discount allowed. No consignments made.

Address EMPIRE S. M. CO., 616 Broadway, New York.

Sept. 6, 1866.—1y

JOHN BOWMAN, No. 704 Arch Street, PHILADELPHIA,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

SILVER AND PLATED WARE.

Our Goods are decidedly the cheapest in the City. TRIPLE PLATE, A No. 1.

Mar. 14, 1867.—1y

Medical.

AGUA DE MAGNOLIA.—The prettiest thing, the "sweetest thing," and the most of it for the least money. It overcomes the odor of perspiration; softens and adds delicacy to the skin; is a delightful perfume; allays headache and inflammation, and is a necessary companion in the sick room, in the nursery and upon the toilet sideboard. It can be obtained anywhere at one dollar per bottle.

SARATOGA SPRING WATER, sold by all Druggists.

For sale by S. S. Forney and Dr. Robert Horner, Druggists, Gettysburg, Pa.

S. T.—1860.—X.—The amount of Plantation Bitters sold in one year is something startling.—They would fill Broadway six feet high, from the Park to 4th street. Drake's manufactory is one of the institutions of New York. It is said that Drake painted all the rocks in the Eastern States with his cabalistic "S. T.—1860.—X," and then got the old granny legislators to pass a law "preventing disfiguring the face of nature," which gives him a monopoly. We do not know how this is, but we do know that the Plantation Bitters SELL as no other article ever did. They are used by all classes of the community, and are death on Dyspepsia—certain. They are very invigorating when languid and weak, and a great appetizer.

SARATOGA SPRING WATER, sold by all Druggists.

For sale by S. S. Forney and Dr. Robert Horner, Druggists, Gettysburg, Pa.

"In lifting the kettle from the fire I scalded myself very severely—one hand almost to a crisp. The torture was unbearable. * * * The Mexican Mustang Liniment relieved the pain almost immediately. It healed rapidly, and left very little scar.

CHAS. J. FOSTER, 420 Broad St., Phila."

This is merely a sample of what the Mustang Liniment will do. It is invaluable in all cases of wounds, swellings, sprains, cuts, bruises, spavins, etc., either upon man or beast.

Beware of counterfeits. None is genuine unless wrapped in fine steel-plate engravings, bearing the signature of G. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and the *private* stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co., New York.

SARATOGA SPRING WATER, sold by all Druggists.

For sale by S. S. Forney and Dr. Robert Horner, Druggists, Gettysburg, Pa.

All who value a beautiful head of hair, and its preservation from premature baldness and turning gray, will not fail to use Lyons' celebrated Kathairon. It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy, eradicates dandruff, and causes the hair to grow with luxuriant beauty. It is sold everywhere.

E. THOMAS LYON, Chemist, N. Y.

SARATOGA SPRING WATER, sold by all Druggists.

For sale by S. S. Forney and Dr. Robert Horner, Druggists, Gettysburg, Pa.

WHAT DID IT?—A young lady returning to her country home after a sojourn of a few months in New York, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a rustic, flushed face, she had a soft, ruby complexion, of almost marble smoothness; and instead of 22, she really appeared but 17.—She told them plainly she used Hagan's Magnolia Balm, and would not be without it. Any lady can improve her personal appearance very much by using this article. It can be ordered of any druggist for only 50 cents.

SARATOGA SPRING WATER, sold by all Druggists.

For sale by S. S. Forney and Dr. Robert Horner, Druggists, Gettysburg, Pa.

Heimstreet's inimitable Hair Coloring has been steadily growing in favor for over twenty years. It acts upon the absorbents at the roots of the hair, and changes it to its original color by degrees. All instantaneous dyes deaden and injure the hair. Heimstreet's *is not a dye,* but is certain in its results, promotes its growth, and is a beautiful HAIR DRESSING. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Sold by all dealers.

SARATOGA SPRING WATER, sold by all Druggists.

For sale by S. S. Forney and Dr. Robert Horner, Druggists, Gettysburg, Pa.

LYON'S EXTRACT OF PURE JAMAICA GINGER—for Indigestion, Nausea, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Cholera Morbus, &c., where a warming, genial stimulant is required. Its careful preparation and entire purity makes it a cheap and reliable article for culinary purposes. Sold everywhere, at 50 cents per bottle.

SARATOGA SPRING WATER, sold by all Druggists.

For sale by S. S. Forney and Dr. Robert Horner, Druggists, Gettysburg, Pa.

July 5, 1866.—1y

RING'S VEGETABLE AMBROSIA FOR GRAY HAIR.

RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS To RINGS
RINGS Restore RINGS
RINGS Gray Hair to its RINGS
RINGS Original Color, Erad- RINGS
RINGS icate Dandruff and RINGS
RINGS (VEGETABLE AMBROSIA) RINGS
RINGS IS WARRANTED, RINGS
RINGS Humors from the RINGS
RINGS Scalp and pre- RINGS
RINGS vent Baldness. RINGS
RINGS TRY A BOTTLE! RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS RINGS
RINGS

This is the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Cure that lay
In the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Man who was bald and gray,
Who now has raven locks, that say
He used the Cure that lay
In the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Maiden, handsome and gay,
Who married the man once bald and gray,
Who now has raven locks, they say,
He used the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Parson, who, by the way,
Married the Maiden, handsome and gay,
To the Man once bald and gray,
But who now has raven locks, they say,
Because he used the Cure that lay
In the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Bell that rings away
To arouse the people, sad and gay,
Unto this fact which here does lay—
If you would not be bald or gray,
Use the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

E. M. TUBBS & CO., Proprietors, Peterboro' N. H.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Eradicates Eruptive and Ulcerative Diseases of the Throat, Nose, Eyes, Eyelids, Scalp, and Skin,

Which so disfigure the appearance, Purging the evil effects of Murcury, and removing all taints, the remnants of Diseases, hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by Adults and Children with perfect Safety.

Two Tablespoonfulls of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoctions as usually made.

An Interesting Letter is published in the Medico-Chirurgical Review, on the subject of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, in certain affections by Benjamin Travers, F. R. S., etc. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases arising from the excess of mercury, he states that no remedy is equal to the Extract of Sarsaparilla; its power is extraordinary, more so than any other drug I am acquainted with. It is, in the strictest sense, a tonic with this invaluable attribute, that it is applicable to a state of the system so sunken, and yet so irritable as renders other substances of the tonic class unavailable or injurious.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Established upwards of 18 years. Prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist 594 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold by all Druggists. Apr. 30—1y

THE GOLDEN TABLET

AN INFALLABLE REMEDY FOR

Itch, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, and all Cutaneous Eruptions; Old Sores, Ulcers, Sore Lips, Sore Eyes, Sore Nipples, Chafing, Pimples, Burns, Scalds, Ulcerated Throat, Piles, Catarrh, Poison of the Ivy, Oak, Sumach, &c. Also for

LEUCORRHEA, AND ALL FEMALE WEAKNESSES.

This is one of the most *extraordinary Remedies* ever discovered, producing *wonderful results* in all cases where it can be used externally or internally, as a lotion, injection, or gargle. In Leucorrhea it *acts like magic,* curing the worst cases in a few days. Its many preventive and curative uses render it *indispensable to every adult person of both sexes,* for which see the Circular, *sent free to all.*

Price $1 a box; six boxes for $5, by mail. Sold by the Proprietors, J. WINCHESTER & CO., No. 36 John St., N. Y., to whom all orders should be addressed.

March 14, 1867.—1y

WINCHESTER'S SPECIFIC PILL FOR THE CURE OF SEXUAL DEBILITY.

Attended by INVOLUNTARY nightly or daily losses, *however originally caused, or however aggravated* in character; promptly correcting those *morbid conditions* which are the consequences of self-abuse. The SPECIFIC PILL contains no Mercury, Iron, Cantharides, or any injurious ingredient. Used in conjunction with the *Hypophosphites,* it will restore the *Virile Powers* in all cases of *Impotence* or *Incapacity.*

A NEW TREATISE.

giving the most prominent *causes* and *symptoms* of SEXUAL DEBILITY, will be mailed free to all sufferers of either sex.

Price $1 per box; six boxes for $5, by mail. Sold by Druggists, and wholesale by the Proprietors, J. WINCHESTER & CO., to whom orders should be addressed.

DR. J. BRYAN, Consulting Physician, 819 Broadway, New York.

SPECIAL TREATMENT in all cases of Seminal, Sexual, Urinary and Nervous Diseases in male or female. ADVICE FREE and correspondence STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

Jan. 10, 1867.—1y

AVOID THE QUACKS.

—If you are suffering from the effects of Youthful Indiscretion and have Seminal Weakness, Emissions, &c., I will send you, *free of charge,* information which if followed will cure you without the aid of medicines. Address HENRY AMBDEN, Station D, New York.

Jan. 10, 1867.—1y

Medical.

THE GREAT CHOLERA PREVENTATIVE.

I.
X., 1866. L
THE GREAT
Zingari Bitters.

THIS WONDERFUL REMEDY was discovered an introduced about twenty years ago by Dr. S. Cheopsus, an eminent Egyptian physician:

He had long seen and felt the want of some remedy which would strike at the root of disease, and so prevent much of the suffering which the human family was then compelled to endure.

This great question was presented to his mind every day in vivid colors as he moved among the sick and dying, and observed the inefficiency of nearly all the remedies then in use. Thus he was led to think and experiment; and after ten years' study and labor, he presented to his fellow-man the wonderful Zingari Bitters. The effect of this preparation in the prevention and cure of disease, was so marvellous and astonishing, that the most flattering marks of royal favor were bestowed upon him who discovered it. His name was placed upon the Roll of Nobles, and a gold medal with the following inscription—Dr. S. Cheopsus, the Public Benefactor—was presented to him by the Viceroy.

The preparation has been used in several epidemics of cholera, both as a preventive and curative measure, and with such great success, that it has been introduced into nearly all the general hospitals of the old world.

The old saying that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, applies with marvellous force to cholera, and therefore any remedy that will protect us against this terrible disease should be freely and persistently used.

All pathologists now agree that the cholera poison acts on the system through the blood, and that any combination which acts on the excretory organs, and keeps them in working order, must prevent a sufficient accumulation of the poison to exert its terrible effects on the organism. This is true not only of cholera, but of nearly all other maladies, especially the different forms of fever.

The Zingari Bitters is just such a remedy as the above conditions require. It acts on the organs of excretion and secretion, keeping up a perfect balance between them. This Bitters is composed entirely of roots and herbs, so nicely concocted that every organ is acted upon and put in tone. Its taste is pleasant and its effects prompt and lasting.

Numerous cases of the following diseases have been cured by it: Cholera, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Scrofula, Typhoid and Typhus Fever, Fever, Ague, Nervous Debility, Anaemia, Female Irregularities, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Colic, &c.

Price One Dollar per Quart Bottle.

Principal Depot at the Walnut street wharf, Harrisburg, Pa.

Sold by Druggists, Hotel keepers and Grocers generally. GEO. F. KALBFLEISH sole Agent for Gettysburg.

F. RAHTER, Sole Proprietor, Harrisburg, Pa

May 29, 1867.

IMPORTANT TO INVALIDS!! TO ALL SUFFERERS

From Pulmonary Diseases, Nervous Debility, Female Weaknesses or Chronic Disorders of any nature, and all Whose Vital Forces are depressed, rendering necessary

A Nervous Tonic and Invigorator,

Are earnestly recommended to use

WINCHESTER'S GENUINE HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA,

THE SPECIFIC REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION!

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Scrofula, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Paralysis, Loss of Appetite, Chlorosis, Marasmus, Wasting, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Rickets, Debility of Nursing and Pregnancy, and all

DISORDERS OF THE LUNGS

NERVOUS AND BLOOD SYSTEMS.

This Remedy has been tested *for ten years,* with "RESULTS UNPARALLELED IN THE ANNALS OF MEDICINE." Its action is TWOFOLD AND SPECIFIC: on the one hand, INCREASING THE PRINCIPLE which constitutes NERVOUS ENERGY; and on the other, are the MOST POWERFUL BLOOD-GENERATING AGENTS KNOWN. By a timely use of it in the incipient stages of Consumption "Cure is the Rule and Death the Exception." TRY IT.

PRICES: In 7 and 16 oz Bottles, $1 and $2 each. Three large or six small Bottles for $5, by express.

Circulars and Advice Free.

Sold by all respectable Druggists, and Wholesale at the Sole Depot in the United States, by the Manufacturers, J. WINCHESTER & Co., 36 John st., N. Y., to whom all orders should be addressed.

Mar. 14, 1867.—1y

TO LADIES.

—If you require a reliable remedy to restore you, and remove Irregularities or Obstructions, why not use the best? Thirty years experience has proved that

DR. HARVEY'S FEMALE PILLS,

have no equal for Removing Obstructions and Irregularities. No matter from what cause they arise. They are safe and sure in every case. *Price One Dollar, per box.*

DR. HARVEY'S GOLDEN PILLS,

Is a remedy four degrees stronger than the above, and intended for special cases of long standing.

Price, Five Dollars per box.

A Ladies' Private Circular, with Engravings, sent free on application.

If you cannot get the Pills of your druggist, send the money to Dr. J. Bryan, 819 Broadway, New York, and they will be sent free from observation by return of mail. Jan. 10, 1867.—1y

For sale in Emmittsburg, Md., by A. T. Stein & Co.

NO MORE BALD HEADS! NO MORE GRAY LOCKS!

DR LEON'S ELECTRIC HAIR RENEWER.

IS pronounced by all who have used it the very best preparation for the Hair. It is a positive cure for Baldness, eradicates Dandruff and Humors, stops the hair from falling out, and speedily restores Gray Locks to their original hue and luxuriance.

It operates on the secretions, and fills the glands with new life and coloring matter. Thin, dead, faded or gray hair will always be brought back by a few applications, to its youthful abundance, vitality and color.

It makes the hair soft, glossy, fragrant, pleasant to the touch and easy to arrange. Dry, wiry, and intractable locks become moist, pliant, and disposed to remain in any desired position. As a hair dressing it has no equal. The sales are enormous and it is a universal favorite with old and young of both sexes.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States. Address all orders to ZIEGLER & SMITH, Sole Proprietors, 137 North Third Street, Philadelphia.

Dec. 19, 1867.—1y

GOOD NEWS FOR MOTHERS!

MOTHERS, are you oppressed with anxiety for your little ones? Are your slumbers and hearts broken by their cries? Do you wake in the morning unrefreshed and apprehensive? If so, procure at once a bottle of Dr. Leon's Infant Remedy, and you will have no more weary hours of watching and anxiety.

DR. LEON'S INFANT REMEDY

has stood the test of years. Thousands of nurses and Mothers bear witness that it never fails to give relief if used in season. It is a mild, yet sure and speedy cure for Colic Cramps and Wind Pains, and is invaluable for all complaints incident to Teething.

Sold by Druggists throughout the U. States. Address all orders to ZIEGLER & SMITH, Sole Proprietors. 137 North Third Street, Philadelphia.

March 19, 1867.—8m

YOUNG MEN,

the experience of past ten years has demonstrated the fact that reliance may be placed in the efficacy of

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS,

for the speedy and permanent cure of Seminal weakness, Emissions, Physical and Nervous debility, Impotence, or want of power, the result of Sexual Excess, or Youthful indiscretion, which neglected, ruins the happiness, and unfits the sufferer for Business, Social Society or Marriage, and often terminates in an untimely grave. Make no delay in seeking the remedy. It is entirely vegetable and harmless on the system, can be used without detection or interference with business pursuits, and no change of diet is necessary while using them. *Price, One Dollar.*

If you connot get them of your druggist, send the money to Dr. J. Bryan, 819 Broadway, New York, and they will be sent free from observation by return of mail.

Private Circulars to Gentlemen sent free on application

For sale in Emmittsburg, Md., by A. T. Stein & Co,

Jan. 10, 1867.—1y

YOUNT'S COMPOUND!

FOR THE CURE OF

PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA,

or any other Inflammatory or inward disease of the Throat if not of too long standing. Also, SCARLET FEVER.—This medicine has been tried in

THOUSANDS OF CASES,

in different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to cure. Give it a trial and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this medicine and keep it on hands. The cures that it has effected are truly marvelous.

Prepared and sold by ISRAEL YOUNT & Co., Gettysburg, Pa., or by their authorized agents. For sale at near ly all the Stores in Adams county.

mar. 30, 1865-tf ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.

ITCH! ITCH!! ITCH!!!

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!—WHEATON'S OINTMENT will cure the itch in 48 hours. Also, cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents, for sale by all Druggists. By sending 60 cents to WEEK & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of Postage, to any part of the United States.

July 3.—1y

LOVE AND MATRIMONY.

—The affections of the opposite sex may be gained by following simple rules, and all may marry happily, if desired, without regard to wealth, age or beauty. Send directed envelope and stamp for particulars to Madam LUCILLE DEMARRE, Bible House, New York

Jan. 10, 1867.—1y

ERNEST D. PAPE, M. D., 1128

Broadway, New York having for years made diseases of women a specialty in study and practice, with marked professional success, devotes his time now mostly to office practice and correspondence with his numerous patrons throughout the United States. Ladies can confidentially address him on the most delicate subject, and receive proper and prompt reply. Enclose stamp for postage. [Feb. 28.—3m

HELMBOLD'S Extract Sarsaparilla

cleanses and renovates the blood, instills the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that make disease.

IN the spring months, the system naturally undergoes a change, and Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Extract of Sarsaparilla is an assistant of the greatest value.

HELMBOLD'S Concentrated Extract Sarsaparilla, is the Great Blood Purifier.

Commercial Colleges.

Iron City College

AND

National Telegraph Institute,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets, PITTSBURG, PA.

The Largest, Cheapest, Best ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE IN THE UNITED STATES.

During the past ten years, upwards of FIFTEEN THOUSAND STUDENTS, Representing every State in the Union, have Graduated here.

A COLLEGE OF ACTUAL BUSINESS,

Supplied with Banks, Stores, Post Office, Commission Brokers' Insurance, Railroad, Steamboat, and Telegraph Offices, &c., combining

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

Students are thoroughly instructed in all the branches of a

PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION,

Including Book-keeping, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Political Economy, Business Correspondence, the Art of Detecting Counterfeit Money, Railroading, Steamboating, Telegraphing.

PRACTICAL BANKING, &c.

STUDENTS CAN ENTER AT ANY TIME,

And complete a full course in from EIGHT to TWELVE weeks

FIFTY DOLLARS

Pays all expenses for Tuition, Books, Blanks, and Diploma.

NO EXTRA CHARGES

For Penmanship, Steamboating, Railroading, Banking or Diploma, as in other Colleges. FREE LESSONS daily in Penmanship to all students in the Commercial Department.

FOR CIRCULARS, giving full information, and containing a complete outline of our system of Practical Business Education, together with

TESTIMONIALS

from Practical Business Men, Merchants, Bankers, Bookkeepers, &c.

Address the Principals.

SMITH & COWLEY, Pittsburg, Penna.

Dec. 13, 1866.—1y

DICKINSON Coml. College

AT CARLISLE, PENNA.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO YOUNG MEN CONTEMPLATING A BUSINESS EDUCATION.

TO know that this Institution employs none but competent instructors in every department, and a sufficient number to insure individual instruction to all of its students, and being connected with "Dickinson College," enables it to present combined facilities of the highest order, while the current expenses attending a course here, are from 50 to $100 less than at similar institutions in large cities. We think that when these facts are properly understood by those who contemplate entering an institution of this order, they will not be long in deciding in favor of Carlisle.

The following course of Instruction should commend itself to all, who desire that kind of information most requisite to prepare them for any of the *business pursuits* in life.

BOOK-KEEPING.

Single and Double Entry as applied and practiced in the various departments of Trade and Commerce, and Banking Houses of the country.

PENMANSHIP.

Practical and Ornamental of superior Style—giving special attention to proper movement, in the formation and combination of letters, and thereby insuring to every student a good Current Hand.

BUSINESS ARITHMETIC.

Including all most approved and best adapted methods for all business calculations—Mental and Written.

ENGLISH GRAMMAR.

Taught with special reference to correct composition, without which no student will be qualified to assume the duties of a first class accountant.

MERCANTILE LAW.

Taught in Classes, using "Dean's Treatise" as a Text Book, embracing the most important legal information for a business man to possess.

BUSINESS FORMS AND CORRESPONDENCE.

are daily practiced in the Actual Business Department, where the students in connection with their duties conduct an extensive correspondence, and make out all Forms from a Receipt, to a judgment Note.

SPECIAL BRANCHES.

Phonography or Short Hand Writing, Ornamental Penmanship, Pen Drawing, Telegraphing, Natural Philosophy, Geometry, Algebra, &c., &c.

We invite an impartial investigation of our facilities, for imparting sound instruction in the branches enumerated.

Students enter at any time, and pursue their course without interruption.

For further particulars, write and receive Circular. Address, A. M. TRIMMER, Carlisle, Pa.

Feb. 21, 1867.

Carriages, Harness, &c.

NEW SADDLER SHOP.

ON "the Hill," Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.—Constantly on hand, or made to order, all kinds of

RIDING SADDLES,
WAGON SADDLES,
CARRIAGE HARNESS,
DRAUGHT HARNESS,
RIDING BRIDLES,
BLIND BRIDLES,
COLLARS,
FLY NETS, &c.

as low as the lowest.

May 29, 1867—tf. J. M. ROWE.

CARRIAGE-MAKING RESUMED.

The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,

at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

REPAIRING

done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale. Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

May 29.—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

NEW FIRM! AT THE OLD STAND.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

I have associated with me, in business, my son, JOHN F. MCCREARY, under the firm and style of D. MCCREARY & SON, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that, since the war, the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old established and well known stand on Baltimore Street, one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.

Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with renewed attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage.

Feb. 1, 1866. DAVID McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horn Side Leathers, Saddles,	Hames, all kinds, with or without fastenings,
Plain or Quilted Seat no Horn,	Housings,
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,	Scotch Collars (leather), " " (ticking),
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths	No Seam Collars,
Wagon Saddles,	Best Welt Harness Collars,
Riding Bridles, of all kinds, fair or black, rounded or flat,	Patent Leather Collars, stitched or unstitched,
Martingales,	Best Leather Wagon Whips, 4, 4½, and 5 feet long,
Carriage Harness, all styles, silver or black mounted,	Plaited Team Whips, Trotting Whips,
Heavy Draft Harness,	Ladies' Riding Twigs,
Blind Bridles,	Whip lashes,
Girths,	Horse Blankets, &c., &c.
Cruppers,	

In short, everything that pertains to a first class general horse furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country, (two having worked in this establishment for the last thirty years.)

We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of Heavy Draft and Harness Collars for those who prefer our own to city made work.

Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves as our work cannot fail to recommend itself.

Feb. 1, 1866—tf. DAVID McCREARY & SON.

Wants.

WANTED—FIVE HUNDRED AGENTS,

To canvass or sell by subscription the Portrait of HON. THADDEUS STEVENS, which we are about to publish. This Portrait is from a Photograph by the late Chas. W. Eberman, and is acknowledged to be the best likeness of this distinguished Statesman that has ever been taken. The artist, who stands at the head of his art in America, has deferred a trip to Europe expressly to execute this great work of art. This picture of one of the greatest living Statesmen, will be one of the best Steel Engraved Portraits ever produced in this country, and we are enabled to offer inducements to agents to make money, such as are rarely offered anywhere. Exclusive territory will be given to good and reliable men in all parts of the United States. Persons wishing to canvass will do well to call in person or address the subscriber by mail, when all the particulars will be made known.

J. E. BARR, No. 6 East King st., Lancaster, Pa.

May 29.—3t

AGENTS WANTED!

$200 Per Month and Expenses Paid, Male or Female Agents, to introduce a NEW AND USEFUL INVENTION, of absolute utility in every household. Agents preferring to work on Commission can earn from $20 to $50 per day. For full particulars enclose stamp, and address, W. G. WILSON & CO., 635 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

March 28, 1867.—3m

Miscellaneous.

DOTY'S CLOTHES' WASHER.

THE BEST IN MARKET.

READ THE FOLLOWING HOME TESTIMONY.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Jan. 8, 1866.

Having used DOTY'S CLOTHES WASHER, and thoroughly tested it, we have no hesitation in endorsing it as the *best* Washing Machine yet produced. It is simple in construction—is easily worked, and does its work well, without injury to clothing. An ordinary washing, requiring usually 8 to 10 hours labor at the wash-tub, can readily be done with the aid of *Doty's Washer* and the *Universal Clothes' Wringer,* in one third the time—economizing time, labor, soap, fuel, &c.—avoiding the necessity of wash-tubs, and enabling the person working to go through with a washing without wetting themselves or the floor. It really merits all the good that can be said of it. We do not think that any family, after fairly testing it, would dispense with it.

Mrs. D. A. BUEHLER,
" E. G. FAHNESTOCK,
" A. M. HUNTER,
" W. C. STALLSMITH,
" R. D. ARMOR,
" H. J. FAHNESTOCK.

FROM REV. L. SCOTT, BISHOP OF THE M. E. CHURCH,

January 18, 1866.

R. C. BROWNING.—*Dear Sir:*—We like our Machine much; could not be persuaded to do without it, and with the aid of Doty we feel that we are masters of the positions. On one occasion, the clothes were prepared, but the washerwoman failed us. We were not to be defeated that way. I took hold (which of course I should not have if we had had no machine), and in 2½ hours we got through eleven dozen pieces, many of which were small, and they were well done, too. We wish you great success.

C. H. Buehler, corner Carlisle and R. R. street, is the agent for the sale of the Universal Wringer and Doty's Washing Machine, in Adams county, Pa.

May 29, 1867.

ASTROLOGY

THE WORLD ASTONISHED

AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS

MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO.

She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair.

Address, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO, P. O. Drawer 293, Buffalo, N. Y.

Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

REPARATOR CAPILLI.

Throw away your false frizzes, your switches, your wig—
Destructive of comfort, and not worth a fig;
Come aged, come youthful, come ugly and fair,
And rejoice in your own luxuriant hair.

REPARATOR CAPILLI.

For restoring hair upon bald heads (from whatever cause it may have fallen out) and forcing a growth of hair upon the face, it has no equal. It will force the beard to grow upon the smoothest face in from five to eight weeks, or hair upon bald heads in from two to three months. A few ignorant practitioners have asserted that there is nothing that will force or hasten the growth of the hair or beard. Their assertions are false, as thousands of living witnesses (from their own experience) can bear witness. But many will say, how are we to distinguish the genuine from the spurious? It certainly is difficult, as nine-tenths of the different Preparations advised for the hair and beard are entirely worthless, and you may have already thrown away large amounts in their purchase. To such we would say, try the Reparator Capilli; it will cost you nothing unless it fully comes up to our representations. If your Druggist does not keep it, send us one dollar and we will forward it, postpaid, together with a receipt for the money, which will be returned you on application, providing entire satisfaction is not given. Address,

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists, No. 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y.

Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

AFFLICTED! SUFFER NO MORE!

When by the use of DR. JOINVILLE'S ELIXIR you can be cured permanently, and at a trifling cost.

The astonishing success which has attended this invaluable medicine for Physical and Nervous Weakness, General Debility and Prostration, Loss of Muscular Energy, Impotency, or any of the consequences of youthful indiscretion, renders it the most valuable preparation ever discovered.

It will remove all nervous affections, depression, excitement, incapacity to study or business, loss of memory, confusion, thoughts of self-destruction, fears of insanity, &c. It will restore the appetite, renew the health of those who have destroyed it by sensual excess or evil practices.

Young Men, be humbugged no more by "Quack Doctors" and ignorant practitioners, but send without delay for the Elixir, and be at once restored to health and happiness. A Perfect Cure is Guaranteed in every instance. Price, $1, or four bottles to one address, $3.

One bottle is sufficient to effect a cure in all ordinary cases.

ALSO, DR. JOINVILLE'S SPECIFIC PILLS, for the speedy and permanent cure of Gonorrhea, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, Gravel, Stricture, and all affections of the Kidneys and Bladder. Cures effected in from one to five days. They are prepared from vegetable extracts that are harmless on the system, and never nauseate the stomach or impregnate the breath. No change of diet is necessary while using them, nor does their action in any manner interfere with business pursuits. Price, $1, per box.

Either of the above-mentioned articles will be sent to any address, closely sealed, and post-paid, by mail or express, on receipt of price. Address all orders to

BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y.

Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair,
Whose curling tendrils soft, entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

CRISPER COMA,

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and postpaid for $1.

Address all orders to W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists, No. 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y.

Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

EXCELSIOR! EXCELSIOR!!

CHASTELLAR'S

HAIR EXTERMINATOR!!

For Removing Superfluous Hair.

To the ladies especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as being an almost indispensible article to female beauty, is easily applied, does not burn or injure the skin, but acts directly on the roots. It is warranted to remove superfluous hair from low foreheads, or from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same, leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilitory in existence. Price 75 cents per package, sent post-paid, to any address, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

Feb. 28, 1867.—6m.

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old, to great and to small,
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair.

By the use of

CHASTELLAR'S

WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL,

For Improving and Beautifying the Complexion.

The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use can not be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 30,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y.

Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

WHISKERS AND MUSTACHES!

FORCED to grow upon the smoothest face in from three to five weeks by using Dr. SEVIGNE'S RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most flattering success.—Names of all purchasers will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y., Sole agents for the United States. [Feb. 28, 1867.—1y.

BEAUTY!

Auburn, Golden, Flaxen & Silken Curls,

PRODUCED by the use of Prof. DEBREUX' FRISER LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy massive curls. Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London, with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and post-paid, $1. Descriptive Circulars mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y., Sole agents for the United States. [Feb. 28, 1867.—1y.

H. F. DEBRING & BRO., FRESCO PAINTERS, FREDERICK CITY, MD.,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they are prepared to FRESCO CHURCHES, HALLS, PRIVATE RESIDENCES, &c., in the most approved styles, modern or ancient. All work warranted to give satisfaction as to taste, durability and cheapness.

April 25, 1867.—6m

BROOM HANDLES FOR SALE,

Wholesale or Retail, at the Lumber Yard of C. H. BUEHLER.

Miscellaneous.

JULES JARED'S "EMAIL DE PARIS."

THE NEW BEAUTIFIER OF THE SKIN.

Testimonials from Celebrated Ladies:

The secret of beautifying the skin being known only to Messrs. Jared & Rene, they honorably state that it differs from all other preparations. It gives to the most harsh and freckled skin both the texture and color of polished ivory, removing all discolorations whether appearing as freckles, tan, morphew, moth, or blackworm specks, and is especially successful in smoothing out the marks left by Small Pox.

The agents of "L'Email de Paris" most confidently submit to the public the earnest endorsements of such distinguished ladies as

SIGNORA RISTORI, Mlle FELICITA VESTVALI, Miss MAGGIE MITCHELL, Mrs. D. P. BOWERS, LUCILLE WESTERN, Mad. PONISI, Mrs EMMA WALLER, LUCY RUSHTON, NOEMIE DE MARGUERITTES, Miss AGNES PERRY,

and many others, whose high standing in the profession gives the stamp of trutufulness to their intelligent and genuine approval.

The Beautiful Lucille Western says:—

I find that the "Email" produces all the brilliancy of rouge and lilly-white, with the great and peculiar advantage of total harmlessness. It really adds to the softness and beauty of the skin.

The Magnificent Vestvali says:—

I have suffered so much from the various white lotions, &c., which my theatrical profession obliges me to use, that I consider it a perfect benefaction to find a preparation which gives the necessary whiteness to the skin, and leaves the skin cool and smooth.

Miss Maggie Mitchell says:—

I have tried the skin beautifier, "L'Email de Paris," and found that it instantly imparts a natural bloom and freshness to the complexion.

"Jared Email de Paris," is used as a delicate beautifier of the skin for Theatre, Saloon or Ball Room, by the most refined and scrupulous ladies; producing all the beautifying effects of rouge and lilly white, without their vulgar glare or injury to the skin.

Sold by all first-class Druggists, Perfumers and Ladies' Hair Dressers.

L. Isaacson 822 Broadway; Demas Barnes & Co., and F. C. Wells & Co., New York, and Eugene Jouine, 111 South Tenth Street, and Johnston, Holloway & Cowden, Philadelphia, Agents. JARED & RENE, General Agents and Importers, New York.

Jan. 24, 1867.—6m

NO. 1. THE CHINGARORA

ANTI-NERVOUS

SMOKING TOBACCO!

The CHINGARORA TOBACCO grows from the rich soil of the "ORIENT," and is possessed of a peculiarly delicious flavor entirely unknown to the tobaccos of all other climes. But its unprecedented popularity has sprung from the fact of the entire absence of that deadly poison, *Nicotin,* which permeates every other tobacco, and which is the one and sole cause of the distressing nervous diseases, dyspepsia, &c., which most invariably sooner or later, follow the indulgence of the pipe and cigar. At the recent analyzation of tobacco from all parts of the world, at the Academy of Sciences, in Paris, the renowned Chemist, M. LAMOUREAUX, declared that while European and American tobacco contained fully eight per cent., and the purest Havana tobacco from two to five per cent. of *Nicotin,* the CHINGARORA did not contain one discoverable particle of that deadly poison, a drop of which, extracted, will destroy life.

Our Agent at BOMBAY has shipped us large quantities of the CHINGARORA during the past two years, and although we have been pressed to supply the demand for this delicious luxury to the veteran smoker, yet we are now prepared to offer it in unlimited quantities, at a price much lower than some American tobacco of a far inferior quality.

A connoisseur has but to smoke the American tobacco and segars, which are invariably chemically flavored, to be disgusted with the medicinal taste which leaves a nauseous, unhealthy coating in the mouth, and in time seldom fails to shatter the nervous system.

The natives of the "ORIENT" smoke the CHINGARORA from morn till night, from youth to age, and are happily unconscious of the wild, distressing fire which courses through the veins of the inhaler of the fumes of tobacco containing *Nicotin.*

We invite every lover of the weed to try the CHINGARORA and guarantee unprecedented pleasure in its delicious flavor.

Sold everywhere.

EDWIN M. COOK & CO.

Sole Agents and Importers of the CHINGARORA TOBACCO for the United States and Canadas, and Dealers in all kinds of

Havana and American Segars and Tobaccos.

MAIN DEPOT, 197 DUANE ST., NEW YORK.

Mar. 14, 1867.—3m

GREAT CONOWAGO MILLS.

10,000 BUSHELS OF WHEAT WANTED

The undersigned having remodeled and improved his mills near New Chester, formerly called "Walnut Grove," but now "Great Conowago Mills" is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line with unusual dispatch. Constantly on hand, for sale or exchange, the very best qualities of Super, Extra, and Family FLOUR; also Rye, Corn and Buckwheat Flour, with every variety of Chop and Offal.

Having a SAW MILL attached, he is prepared to saw all kinds of lumber, at the shortest notice. A farmer in need of lumber and flour, can put a log upon his wagon, throw a few bushels of wheat on the top, have the wheat exchanged for flour, and the log sawed, thus saving a double trip—and all because of the new and perfect machinery now employed in these mills.

Having the best of workmen, he will be able to please every body. Thankful for past favors he hopes for a continuance of the same. H. J. MYERS.

New Chester, April 23d, 1867.—1y.

J. W. C. SEITZ. H. F. T. BUCKINGHAM

J. W. C. Seitz & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS & MANUFACTURERS OF

CIGARS, TOBACCO AND SNUFF.

No. 164 Frankin st.

BETWEEN GREENE AND PACA STREETS,

BALTIMORE.

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!"

Superior IMPORTED CIGARS, fine CHEWING TOBACCO, and LEAF of every description, with a general assortment of Pipes, Snuff Boxes, Fancy Articles, &c.

July 5, 1866.—1y

HATCHETS.

The best and cheapest for the consumer are those manufactured by

JENKINS & TONGUE, PHILADELPHIA.

Shingling, Lathing, Claw and Broad, made of the best cast-steel and warranted as good or better than any others made in the United States, and sold at much lower prices than other really first-class hatchets. They are tempered by one of the firm, S. J. Tongue, who possesses a peculiar faculty that might be called

STEEL ON THE BRAIN,

which has given his tools a great celebrity in these parts.

TRY THEM.

Nos. 33 and 35 Richmond street; the *red* cars up Third street cross Richmond, near the works.

May 29, 1867.—3m

SILVER'S WASH POWDER.

SAVES Time, Labor, Money. Makes Washing a pastime, and Monday a festival. Sold everywhere. Try it. Address all orders to the Manufacturers,

ZIEGLER AND SMITH. Chemists and Wholesale Druggists, 137 North Third Street, Philadelphia.

March 19, 1867.—8m

SOMETHING WONDERFUL for the MILLION

—all may be rich, wise and happy.—Agents wanted. Enclose stamp for particulars. H. CAMP, 132 Bleecker st., New York. [Feb. 28.—3m.

Hoop Skirts.

J. W. Bradley's celebrated Patent

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE SPRING) SKIRT.

THE WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and great COMFORT and PLEASURE to any LADY wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT will be experienced particularly in all crowded ASSEMBLIES, OPERAS, CARRIAGES, RAILROAD CARS, CHURCH PEWS, ARM CHAIRS, for PROMENADE and HOUSE DRESS, as the SKIRT can be FOLDED when in use to OCCUPY a small PLACE as easily and conveniently as a SILK or MUSLIN DRESS, an invaluable quality in crinoline, not found in any Single Spring Skirt.

A LADY having enjoyed the PLEASURE, COMFORT, and great CONVENIENCE of wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC STEEL SPRING SKIRT for a SINGLE DAY, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For CHILDREN, MISSES and YOUNG LADIES they are superior to all others.

They will not BEND or BREAK like the Single Spring, but will PRESERVE their PERFECT and GRACEFUL SHAPE when three or four ORDINARY SKIRTS will have been THROWN ASIDE AS USELESS. The HOOPS are covered with DOUBLE AND TWISTED THREAD, and the BOTTOM RODS are not only double springs, but twice (or double) COVERED; preventing them from wearing out when dragging down stoops, stairs, &c.

The Duplex Elliptic is a great favorite with all ladies and is universally recommended by the FASHION MAGAZINES as the STANDARD SKIRT OF THE FASHIONABLE WORLD.

To enjoy the following inestimable advantages in Crinoline, viz: SUPERIOR QUALITY, PERFECT MANUFACTURE, STYLISH SHAPE and FINISH, FLEXIBILITY, DURABILITY, COMFORT and ECONOMY, enquire for J. W. BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC, or Double Spring Skirt, and be sure you get the genuine article.

CAUTION.—To guard against IMPOSITION be particular to NOTICE that skirts offered as "DUPLEX" have the red ink stamp, viz: "J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Steel Springs," upon the waistband—none others are genuine. Also Notice that every Hoop will admit a pin being passed through the centre, thus revealing the two (or double) springs braided together therein, which is the secret of their FLEXIBILITY and STRENGTH, and a combination not to be found in any other Skirt.

FOR SALE in all Stores where FIRST CLASS skirts are sold throughout the United States and elsewhere.

Manufactured by the Sole Owners of the Patent, WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY, 97 Chambers and 79 & 81 Reade Sts., New York.

April 18, 1867.—3m

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

NEW SPRING STYLES, "Our own make."

EMBRACING every New and Desirable size, style and Shape of Plain and Trail Hoop Skirts.—2, 2¼, 2½, 2¾, 3, 3¼, 3½, 3¾ and 4 Yds., round, every length and size waist; in every respect First Quality, and especially adapted to meet the wants of First Class and most Fashionable Trade.

"Our own make," of Hoop Skirts, are lighter, more durable, and Really Cheaper than any other make of either Single or Double Spring Skirt in the American Market. They are Warranted in every respect, and wherever introduced give general satisfaction. They are now extensively sold by Retailers, and every LADY should try them.

Ask for "Hopkin's Own Make," and see that each Skirt is Stamped "W. T. HOPKINS, MANUFACTURER, 628 ARCH Street PHILADELPHIA." No others are Genuine. A Catalogue containing Style, Size and Retail Prices, sent to any address. A Uniform and Liberal Discount allowed to Dealers. Orders by mail or otherwise, promptly and carefully filled.—Wholesale and Retail, at Manufactory and Sale-rooms, No. 628 Arch Street, Phila.

Skirts made to order, altered and repaired.—TERMS NET CASH. ONE PRICE ONLY.

March 19.—10m WM. T. HOPKINS.